



MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.1

**BOLIVIA. THE WILD NORTH-EAST**

**MAY 13<sup>TH</sup> - 28<sup>TH</sup> 2007**

**NOEL KEMPFER MERCADO NATIONAL  
PARK AND ENDEMIC MACAWS**

**Leaders: Barry Walker & Renzo Zeppilli**

**Participants: Lynn and Jay Gould, Jim (Jaime) and Sue Liskovec  
and Jim Martin.**



Bolivia, a country of contrasts from the dry chaco and savannas of the Santa Cruz lowlands to the semi-arid "Valles" of Che Guevara country to the tropical gallery forest and savannas of the 1.5 million hectare Noel Kempff Mercado National Park. Birding was fantastic despite having to switch our itinerary around due to unusually heavy rains just before we arrived, wiping out bridges and roads, but we managed to adapt and have a great trip. We saw a lot of range restricted species in some special habitats, including 2 large endemic Bolivian Macaws! With early

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starts and a lot of dedication we did remarkably well as the list below indicates. Our driver Pepe was just great and the staff at all lodges in Noel Kempff Park a friendly group with great Brazilian food! The flight into Noel Kempff is spectacular in itself, traversing vast expanses of forest and marsh. This is a remote place where not even indigenous humans have traditionally lived. The Carparus plateau rises abruptly out of the plains and is forested, with rivers and spectacular waterfalls. Our lodge at Flor de Oro on the Itanez river was surrounded by a variety of habitats – cerrado, tall gallery forest and igapo (permanently flooded forest) and high tierra firme forest at Lago Caiman. We managed to bag a lot of the country's special birds and have some fun along the way. The last part of the trip was to the Trinidad area where small planes took us in to the El Cutal ranch to successfully see the endemic Blue-throated Macaws and many other species in these bird rich ranchlands, including a mammal sighting that will make all remember the Bolivian charm, a Maned wolf trotting away from us in one of the service roads around El Cutal. What a trip!

### Locations

May 12<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Evening arrival in Santa Cruz. Night Hotel Cortez

May 13<sup>th</sup> 2007 - First thing at the Santa Cruz Botanical Gardens and afternoon to Okinowa after a typical lunch at a local restaurant in Santa Cruz. 500 meters. Night Hotel Cortez.

May 14<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Fly in two aircraft to the isolated Flor de Oro Lodge deep in the Noel Kempff Mercado National Park with detours to over-fly waterfalls on the Serrania de Caparus. Bolivia is just across the Itanez River (called the Guapore on the Brazilian side) – we have lunch and then bird the south trail and some forest close to the Lodge. 180 meters. Night at Flor de Oro Lodge

May 15<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Morning in the cerrado grasslands and an afternoon walk along the north trail. 180 meters. Night at Flor de Oro Lodge

May 16<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Morning along the north trail and afternoon river trip to La Bahia and along the Itanez River. 180 meters. Night at Flor de Oro Lodge.

May 17<sup>th</sup> 2007 – By boat early to Lago Caiman and a walk through the tierra firme forest. Picnic lunch by the lakeside. Afternoon return to the lodge and a late excursion on the savanna trail. 180 meters. Night at Flor de Oro Lodge.

May 18<sup>th</sup> 2007 - Early morning walk along the north trail and then fly back to Santa Cruz. 180 meters. Afternoon excursion to the Lomas de Arena regional park. 500 meters. Night Hotel Cortez.

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**May 19<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Breakfast in the field near Pedro Lorenzo and early morning birding. Continue drive south and a top at Km 115 near the town of Cabezas. 500 meters. Afternoon birding along the Lagunillas road at 1070 meters and overnight at the Hotel JR in Caimiri.**

**May 20<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Morning in the Bolivian Chaco along the Boyuibe-Villazon road at 950 meters. Afternoon at Lake Comatindi. Overnight at the Hotel JR in Caimiri.**

**May 21<sup>st</sup> 2007 - Return to Santa Cruz. Morning birding along the Lagunillas road at 1070 meters. Stops at Km 110 and along the main hiway at Pedro Lorenzo. 500 meters. Night Hotel Cortez.**

**May 22<sup>nd</sup> 2007 – Santa Cruz to Comarapa at 1830 meters with stops near Bermejo and Hierba Buena. Afternoon birding at Tambo at 1700 meters. Night Hotel Paraiso in Comarapa.**

**May 23<sup>rd</sup> 2007 – Breakfast and endemic Macaws at San Rafael at 1300 meters, then along the Saipina – Sucre road. Afternoon at 2400 meters below Torrecillas. Night Hotel Paraiso in Comarapa.**

**May 24<sup>th</sup> – Morning above Torrecillas at 2600 meters and then lunch 2km east of Bermejo and late afternoon stop along the Rio Piuray at 500 meters. Night Hotel Cortez.**

**May 25<sup>th</sup> – 2007 – Morning flight to Trinidad and then birding along the road that takes to the North. Lunch and birds at Laguna Suarez. Afternoon along the Loma Suarez road. Night in Hotel Campanario.**

**May 26<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Two flights in a small Cessna 206 from el Trompillo Airport to La Verde to look for Blue-throated Macaws. After searching and finding them a three minute flight took Us to Cutal Ranch where we spent the next two nights. Afternoon exploration of the Ranchouse surroundings. Night in Cutal Ranch.**

**May 27<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Morning birding the open grasslands along the road that reaches the Ipurupuru river. Afternoon horseback ride through flooded areas of the ranch. Night in Cutal Ranch.**

**May 28<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Breakfast and drive along the road that leads back to Trinidad. A sudden encounter with a Maned Wolf made this a special morning. After lunch 25 minute Cessna Flight back to Trinidad. Birding around Trinidad airport before the flight to Santa Cruz in a Dornier 228.**

**May 29<sup>th</sup> 2007 – Early departure from Cortez Hotel to Santa Cruz Viru Viru Intl Airport.**



## THE LIST

**\* = HEARD ONLY**

**BE = BOLIVIAN ENDEMIC**

**CE = RESTRICTED TO THE CHACO**

**NE = NEAR ENDEMIC JUST SNEAKING INTO A NEIGHBOURING COUNTRY**

**RRS = RANGE RESTRICTED SPECIES**

## NON PASSERINES

Cinereous Tinamou – *Crypturellus cinereus* – One at Flor de Oro

Undulated Tinamou - *Crypturellus undulatus*.\*

Small-billed Tinamou - *Crypturellus parvirostris*. \*

Tataupa Tinamou - *Crypturellus tataupa*.\*

White-bellied Nothura - *Nothura boraquira*. 1 at Lomas de Arena on May 18<sup>th</sup>.

Greater Rhea - *Rhea americana*. Common near Santa Cruz airport, Okinowa and Cutal.

Silvery Grebe – *Podiceps occipitalis*. 2 on Lake Comatindi on May 20<sup>th</sup> were of the nominate *occipitalis* subspecies. Fjeldså & Krabbe (1990) and Jaramillo (2003) suggested that the northern Andean subspecies, *juninensis*, might merit recognition as a separate species from *Podiceps occipitalis*

Least Grebe - *Tachybaptus dominicus*. Common in lowlands.

Neotropic Cormorant - *Phalacrocorax brasilianus*.

Anhinga – *Anhinga anhinga* – Common near Flor de Oro and at Cutal Ranch.

Southern Screamer - *Chauna torquata*. Quite common near Flor de Oro on the Ox-bow lakes and two at Lago Comatindi. 15 seen in total at Cutal Ranch.

Fulvous Whistling Duck - *Dendrocygna bicolor*. A lone individual at Lake Comatindi on May 20<sup>th</sup>. A dozen + seen at Cutal Ranch.



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**White-faced Whistling Duck – *Dendrocygna viduata*. 40+ on the pond in the savanna at Flor de Oro on two days.**

**Black-bellied Whistling Duck - *Dendrocygna autumnalis*. 20 plus at Lago Comatindi on May 20<sup>th</sup>. More than a hundred seen flocking around the fields north of Trinidad. Common at Cutal ranch.**

**Orinoco Goose – *Neochen jubata*. Four seen on May 25<sup>th</sup> at the fields north of Trinidad.**

**Comb Duck – *Sakidornis melanotus*. A total of 6 in the Lomas de Arena area.**

**Muscovy Duck – *Cairina moschata*. Common near Flor de Oro. 8 seen at Cutal Ranch.**

**Brazilian Teal - *Amazonetta braziliensis*. Fairly common around Santa Cruz and Caimiri.**

**RRS Ringed Teal - *Calonetta leucophrys*. 200+ on Laguna Comatindi near Boyuibe south of Santa Cruz on May 20<sup>th</sup>**

**White-cheeked Pintail - *Anas bahamensis*. 100 plus at Laguna Comatindi near Boyuibe south of Santa Cruz on May 20<sup>th</sup>**

**Whistling Heron - *Syrigma sibilatrix*. Common around Santa Cruz and Camiri. Two seen at Trinidad Airport.**

**Capped Heron – *Pilherodius pileatus*. 2 along the River Itanez. 1 on the road to Loma Suarez.**

**Little Blue Heron – *Egretta caerulea*. 7 seen around Trinidad.**

**Snowy Egret - *Egretta thula*.**

**White-necked Heron - *Ardea cocoi*. Common at Flor de Oro and Cutal Ranch.**

**Great Egret - *Casmerodius albus*.**

**Cattle Egret - *Bubulcus ibis*.**

**Striated Heron – *Butorides striatus***

**Black-crowned Night-Heron - *Nycticorax nycticorax*. Trinidad**

**Rufescent Tiger-Heron – *Tigrisoma lineatum* . At least 14 near Flor de Oro. More than 20 at Cutal Ranch.**



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**Plumbeous Ibis – *Theristicus caerulescens*. Common around Cutal Ranch.**

**White-faced Ibis - *Plegadis chihi*. A total of 12 the majority at Lake Comatindi.**

**Green Ibis - *Plegadis ridgwayi*. Some at Lago Caiman on May 17<sup>th</sup> in the Noel Kempff Park**

**Buff-necked Ibis – *Theristicus caudatus*. 2 on the 20<sup>th</sup> of May at Lake Comatindi and 6 in total at Cutal Ranch.**

**Green Ibis – *Mesembrinibis cayennensis*. 1 seen at Cutal ranch on may 28<sup>th</sup>.**

**Bare-faced Ibis – *Phimosus infuscatus*. At Okinowa on May 13<sup>th</sup> and several at Cutal ranch.**

**Roseate Spoonbill – *Platalea ajaja*. More than 20 individuals seen at Cutal ranch.**

**Wood Stork - *Mycteria americana*. Common at Okinowa and some seen elsewhere.**

**Maguari Stork – *Ciconia maguari*. More than 30 seen on the way to Ipurupuru river on May 27<sup>th</sup>.**

**Jabiru – *Jabiru mycteria*. Several seen at Cutal Ranch, including a pair at a huge nest.**

**Bicolored Hawk - *Accipiter bicolor*. One in the Chaco on May 21st**

**Gray-headed Kite – *Leptodon cayanensis* – Two sightings in the Noel Kempff Park**

**Swallow-tailed Kite - *Elanoides forficatus*. Always nice to see.**

**Pearl Kite – *Gampsonix swansonii*. One seen at Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup> and one seen at Cutal Ranch on May 26<sup>th</sup>**

**White-tailed Kite - *Elanus leucurus*. 10 near Santa Cruz.**

**Snail Kite - *Rhostrhamus sociabilis*. 4 at Okinowa on May 13<sup>th</sup>. Literally hundreds seen leaving behind tons of snail shells around the flooded grasslands at Cutal ranch. 200+ counted on May 27<sup>th</sup>.**

**Black-collared Hawk - *Busarellus nigricollis*. Common at Flor de Oro. One individual seen near Trinidad and 2 at Cutal Ranch.**

**Long-winged Harrier - *Circus buffoni*. 2 at Okinowa on May 13<sup>th</sup>**



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Crane Hawk – *Geranospiza caerulescens*. One seen along the Loma Suarez road on May 25<sup>th</sup> and one more individual seen from the porch at Cutal ranch.

Slate-colored Hawk – *Leucopternis schistaceus*. One near Lago Caiman on May 17<sup>th</sup>

White-browed Hawk – *Leucopternis kuhli*. One at La Bahia near Flor de Oro on May 16<sup>th</sup>.

Great Black Hawk – *Buteogallus urubitinga* Two on May 16<sup>th</sup> near Flor de Oro. One immature on May 25<sup>th</sup> north of Trinidad and two more birds at Cutal Ranch.

Savanna Hawk - *Buteogallus meridionalis*.

Harris's Hawk – *Parabuteo unicinctus*. Two individuals seen along the road north from Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup>.

Red-backed Hawk - *Buteo polyosoma*. Several in the Comarapa area. The South American Checklist Committee says "Farquhar (1988) concluded that *Buteo poecilochrous* and *B. polyosoma* are conspecific, as they were formerly treated (REF); he was unable to find any way to reliably diagnose the two forms using plumage characters or measurements. Ridgely & Greenfield (2001) and Jaramillo (2003) followed this treatment and suggested "Variable Hawk" be retained for the composite species. Genetic data (Riesing et al. 2003) are consistent with hypothesis that *B. polyosoma* and *B. poecilochrous* are conspecific. [incorp. Cabot & De Vries 2003] [incorp. Vaurie 1962]. **Proposal badly needed.**

White-tailed Hawk – *Buteo albicaudatus*. Three seen along the road north from Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup>.

Black Hawk-Eagle – *Spizaetus tyrannus*. One individual seen along the road to Loma Suarez.

Black Caracara – *Daptrius ater*

Southern Crested Caracara - *Polyborus plancus*. Common.

Yellow-Headed Caracara - *Milvago chimachima*.

Laughing Falcon - *Herpetotheres cachinnans*. One on May 15<sup>th</sup> and May 21<sup>st</sup>

American Kestrel - *Falco sparverius*.

Plomado Falcon – *Falco femoralis*. Two seen North of Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup> and two more at Cutal Ranch on May 28<sup>th</sup>.

Bat Falcon - *Falco ruficularis*. 2 seen well along the Rio Itenez



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**Orange-breasted Falcon – *Falco deiroleucus*.** Good looks at two at Flor de Oro as we were preparing to fly back to Santa Cruz

**Black Vulture - *Coragyps atratus*.**

**Turkey Vulture - *Cathartes aura*.**

**Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture – *Cathartes burrobianus*.** Common at Flor de Oro over the savannas. Three seen at Trinidad and one seen at Cutal Ranch on May 26<sup>th</sup>.

**King Vulture – *Sarcoramphus papa*.** One at Flor de Oro

**RRS/CE Chaco Chachalaca - *Ortalis canicollis*.** One on May 20th in the Chaco

**RRS Red-throated Piping Guan – *Pipile cunjubi*.** Several seen well in gallery forest at Flor de Oro

**Dusky-legged Guan – *Penelope obscura*.** 1 east of Comarapa.

**Razor-billed Currasow – *Mitu tuberosa* \***

**Hoatzin – *Opisthocomus hoazin*.** Common at La Bahia near Flor de Oro. Three seen at Cutal.

**Ocellated Crake – *Micropygia schomburgkii* \***

**Rufous-sided Crake – *Laterallus melanophaius*.** 2 on the pond at the Santa Cruz Botanical Gardens on May 13<sup>th</sup>. One at Cutal Ranch on May 26<sup>th</sup>.

**Gray-necked Wood-Rail – *Aramides cajanea*.** One seen in great light along the road to Loma Suarez near Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Moorhen - *Gallinula chloropus*.**

**White-winged Coot - *Fulica leucoptera*.** 20 at Lake Comatindi on May 20<sup>th</sup>

**Purple Gallinule – *Porphyrio martinica*.** 3 seen in total around Trinidad.

**Limpkin - *Aramus guarauna*.** Common around Santa Cruz and Trinidad.

**Red -legged Seriema - *Cariama cristata*.** 5 birds in total. 3 near Pedro Lorenzo on May 19<sup>th</sup> and 2 near Santa Cruz airport on May 13<sup>th</sup>. Always a pleasure to see.



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**CE/RRS** Black-legged Seriema – *Chunga burmeisteri*. 1 bird seen well on a track in the Chaco on the way to Lago Comatindi on May 20<sup>th</sup>. A most wanted bird.!

Wattled Jacana - *Jacana jacana*. Common around Santa Cruz, Noel Kempff park and Cutal.

Greater Yellowlegs - *Tringa melanoleuca*.

White-backed Stilt - *Himantopus melanurus*. Common.

Wattled Jacana – *Jacana jacana*. Common around Santa Cruz and 2 in the Chaco.

Pied Lapwing – *Vanellus cayanus*. Fairly common along the Rio Itanez near Flor de Oro

Southern Lapwing – *Vanellus chilensis* . Common and nosiy.

Yellow-billed Tern – *Sterna superciliaris* On the Rio Itanez

Large-billed Tern – *Phaetusa simplex* On the Rios Itanez and Ipurupuru.

Feral Pigeon – *Columba livia*.

Picazuro Pigeon – *Patagioenas picazuro*. The common Pigeon near Santa Cruz. Note that recent research has shown that the genus *Columba* is paraphyletic, with New World taxa being more closely related to *Streptopelia* than to Old World *Columba* pigeons. This is consistent with differences between New World and Old World *Columba* in terms of morphology, serology and behaviour. The suggestion was made to place all New World forms in the genus *Patagioenas*, and the AOU recently adopted this change in its latest checklist supplement

Scaled Pigeon – *Patagioenas speciosa* 4 at Lago Caiman on May 17<sup>th</sup> A pretty Pigeon/.

Band-Tailed Pigeon – *Patagioenas fasciata*.

Ruddy Pigeon – *Patagioenas subvinacea*

Eared Dove - *Zenaida auriculata*.

Ruddy Ground-Dove - *Columbina talpacoti*.

Picui Ground-Dove - *Columbina picui*. Commonest species of the trip!

White-tipped Dove - *Leptoptila verreauxi*.



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**RRS** Large-tailed Dove - *Leptoptila megalura* \*

Blue and Yellow Macaw – *Ara ararauna*. 10 at Flor de Oro and more than 30 at Cutal ranch.

**BE/RRS (Critically Endangered)** Blue-throated Macaw – *Ara glaucogularis*. 2 individuals seen at la Verde Ranch (Cutal's sister Ranch) after an exciting quest!

Red and Green Macaw – *Ara chloroptera*. 6 at Flor de Oro

**BE/RRS** Red-fronted Macaw – *Ara rubrogenys*. 22 in early morning near San Rafael quite a show as they were illuminated by the early morning sun.

Chestnut-fronted Macaw – *Ara severa*. Common in the Noel Kempff Park and at Cutal Ranch.

Red-bellied Macaw – *Orthopsittaca manilata*. A *Mauritia* palm specialist – several at Flor de Oro

Golden-collared Macaw – *Primolius auricollis*. Common around Trinidad and Cutal Ranch.

Blue-crowned Parakeet - *Aratinga acuticaudata*. Common.

Mitred Parakeet - *Aratinga mitrata*. Common in the Valles. We saw the nominate *mitrata* subspecies on May 25<sup>th</sup>, about 25 birds

White-eyed Parakeet - *Aratinga leucophthalmus*. Fairly common around Santa Cruz, Trinidad and Cutal Ranch.

Dusky-headed Parakeet – *Aratinga weddellii*. Common around Trinidad and Cutal Ranch.

Peach-fronted Parakeet - *Aratinga aurea*. Fairly common around Flor de Oro with great views in the mango tree near the lodge. Common at Trinidad and Cutal Ranch.

Green-cheeked Parakeet - *Pyrrhura molinae*. Common in the Samaipata area. We saw the subspecies *restricta* on the Lagunillas road at the Botanical gardens.

**RRS** Crimson-bellied Parakeet – *Pyrrhura perlata*. The Noel Kempff park is one of the few places you can see this species. 7 seen in total

Gray-hooded Parakeet - *Bolborhynchus aymara*. Common near Torrecillas on two days

Monk Parakeet – *Myiopsitta monachus*. 4 in the Chaco out of Boyuibe.

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**BE/RRS** Cliff Parakeet - *Myiopsitta luchsii*. A flock, totaling 30 birds, on the road to Sucre from Saipina. A Bolivian endemic occurring only in the center of the country. Tiny range. The SACC says “Collar (1997) treated Andean *luchsii* as a separate species from *Myiopsitta monachus* based on differences in plumage and nest site; this taxon was formerly (e.g., Cory 1918) treated as a separate species, but Peters (1937) considered them conspecific.

Blue-winged Parrotlet - *Forpus xanthopterygius*. 20 at Okinawa on May 13<sup>th</sup>. Common around Trinidad and Cutal Ranch.

Yellow-chevroned Parakeet - *Brotogeris chiriri*. Common in the lowlands.

Cobalt-winged Parakeet - *Brotogeris cyanoptera*. A few flyovers in Noel Kempff Park

Scaly-headed Parrot - *Pionus maximiliani*. Common around Santa Cruz

Blue-headed Parrot - *Pionus menstruus*

Turquoise (Blue)-fronted Parrot - *Amazona aestiva*. A few, with good looks along the Rio Piruai

Yellow-crowned Parrot – *Amazona ochrocephala*. Several seen flying at Cutal Ranch.

Scaly-naped Parrot - *Amazona mercenaria*. A few at Torrecillas.

Orange-winged Parrot – *Amazonas amazonica*. Daily flocks near Flor de Oro

Mealy Parrot – *Amazonas farinosa*\*

Dark-billed Cuckoo – *Coccyzus melacorynchus*. One on May 19<sup>th</sup> and one in May 25<sup>th</sup> near Trinidad.

Squirrel Cuckoo - *Piaya cayana*.

Greater Ani- *Crotophaga major*\*

Smooth-billed Ani - *Crotophaga ani*.

Guira Cuckoo - *Guira guira*. Very common in the Santa Cruz lowlands and the Beni grasslands.

Striped Cuckoo - *Tapera naevia*. 4 seen in total.

Barn Owl – *Tyto alba*.\* Heard ever night at Flor de Oro

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**Tropical Screech Owl – *Megascops choliba*\*. Heard at Cutal Ranch.**

**Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl - *Glaucidium brasilianum*\*. One seen on May 26<sup>th</sup> at Cutal Ranch.**

**Yungas Pygmy-Owl - *Glaucidium bolivianum*\*.**

**Burrowing Owl - *Speotyto cunicularia*.**

**Short-eared Owl - *Asio flammeus*. A great show in the late afternoon at Okinowa on May 13<sup>th</sup>**

**Short-tailed Nighthawk – *Lurocalis semitorquatus*. 60 at dusk near Flor de Oro at La Bahia**

**Nacunda Nighthawk – *Podager nacunda*. Near 20 individuals seen in total between Cutal ranch and Trinidad.**

**Pauraque – *Nyctidromus albicollis* \***

**Ladder-tailed Nightjar – *Hydropsalis climaocerca*. Great looks at two roosting along the shoreline of La Bahia near Flor de Oro.**

**Scissor-tailed Nightjar – *Hydropsalis torquata*. 2 seen at Cutal Ranch along the roads on May 28<sup>th</sup>.**

**Gray-rumped Swift - *Chaetura cineireventris***

**Short-tailed Swift - *Chaetura brachyura***

**Planalto Hermit - *Phaethornis pretrei*. Two south of Santa Cruz**

**Black-throated Mango – *Ancathacothorax nigricollis*. A male at Flor de Oro**

**Glittering-bellied Emerald - *Chlorostilbon aureoventris*.**

**White-chinned Sapphire - *Hylocharis cyanus*. A few here and there.**

**White-tailed Goldenthrroat - *Polytmus guainumbi*. Individuals at Okinowa and Lomas de Arena**

**Fork-tailed Woodnymph – *Thalurania furcata*. Just one female.**

**White-bellied Hummingbird - *Amazilia chinogaster*. Seen in the Tambo area.**



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**Green-tailed Trainbearer – *Lesbia nuna*** One male near Torrecillas on May 24th

**Red-tailed Comet - *Sappho sparganura***. Several individuals above Turrecillas May 24<sup>th</sup> – Spectacular.

**Tyrian Metaltail - *Metallura tyrianthina***. We saw the blue-tailed *smaragdnicollis* subspecies.

**Blue-tufted Starthroat - *Heliomaster furcifer***. A female south of Santa Cruz on May 19<sup>th</sup>

**Amethyst Woodstar – *Calliphlox amethystina***. One south of Santa Cruz May 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Blue-crowned Trogon - *Trogon curucui***. Fairly common at Flor de Oro

**Black-tailed Trogon – *Trogon melanurus*** One at Flor de Oro

**Ringed Kingfisher - *Megaceryle torquata***. Noisy and abundant at Flor de Oro. 2 seen at Cutal.

**Amazon Kingfisher – *Chloroceryle amazona***. Several sightings along the Rio Itenez and Ipurupuru.

**Green Kingfisher – *Chloroceryle Americana***. One seen at Cutal on May 25<sup>th</sup>.

**Green-and-Rufous Kingfisher – *Chloroceryle inda***. One seen very fast near the Ipurupuru river on May 27<sup>th</sup>.

**Blue-crowned Motmot - *Momotus momota***. 2 in the Santa Cruz Botanical Gardens

**Rufous-tailed Jacamar – *Galbula ruficauda***. Common in the Beni grasslands.

**Pied Puffbird – *Notharcus tectus*\***

**White-eared Puffbird – *Nystalus chacuru***. Two seen well at near Pedro Lorenzo in strong winds on May 21<sup>st</sup>.

**Spot-backed (Chaco) Puffbird – *Nystalus (striatipectus) maculatus***. Many sightings around Santa Cruz and in the Chaco. We saw the *striatipectus* form which is often considered a separate species (Chaco Puffbird) from the Brazilian populations.

**Rufous-capped Nunlet – *Nunnula ruficapilla***. One seen on the north trail at Flor de Oro on May 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Black-fronted Nunbird – *Monasa nigrifrons***



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A2.14

Swallow-wing – *Chelidoptera tenebrosa* – fairly common at Flor de Oro

White-throated (Cuvier's) Toucan – *Ramphastos (cuvieri) tucanus\**. Haffer (1974) showed that *R. cuvieri* ("Cuvier's Toucan") and *R. tucanus* form a broad hybrid zone in northern and eastern Amazonia, and, therefore, treated *cuvieri* (with *inca*, also considered a separate species by Peters 1948) as a subspecies of *Ramphastos tucanus*; see also Short & Horne (2001); this treatment has been followed by most subsequent authors, but Sibley & Monroe (1990) continued to treat *cuvieri* as a species, following earlier classifications (e.g., Cory 1919, Peters 1948, Meyer de Schauensee 1970).

Toco Toucan – *Ramphastos toco*. Four seen one morning at Flor de Oro. Spectacular! Four more seen at Cutal Ranch on May 28<sup>th</sup>.

Bar-breasted Piculet – *Picumnus aurifrons*. We saw the Gold-fronted form at Flor de Oro on two separate occasions.

White-wedged Piculet - *Picumnus albosquamatus*. One male at Okinowa in weeds! *Picumnus albosquamatus* interbreeds to varying uncertain degrees with *P. dorbignyanus*, *P. temminckii*, and *P. cirrhatus* (Short 1982, Winkler & Christie 2002), and may be part of that superspecies (Short 1982); it was considered conspecific with *P. minutissimus* by Meyer de Schauensee (1966), following Gyldenstolpe (1945), but see Short (1982). One more individual seen at Cutal.

White Woodpecker - *Melanerpes candidus*. 3 flying over near Pedro Lorenzo on May 19<sup>th</sup>. Good views of two more at Laguna Suarez near Trinidad while having lunch on May 25<sup>th</sup>.

Yellow-tufted Woodpecker - *Melanerpes cruentatus*. A few near Flor de Oro.

White-fronted Woodpecker - *Melanerpes cactorum*. Common at Tambo and Saipina areas.

Checkered Woodpecker - *Picoides mixtus*. 2 seen well on May 20<sup>th</sup> in the Chaco out of Boyuibe.

Striped Woodpecker – *Picoides lignarius* One at San Rafael May 23rd

Little Woodpecker – *Venilornis passerinus*. In the Botanical Gardens, at Lomas de Arena and around Cutal ranch.

Golden-Olive Woodpecker- *Piculus rubiginosus*.

Golden-green Woodpecker - *Piculus chrysochloros*. A couple in the lowlands. One male seen at Cutal ranch.



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.15

Green-barred Woodpecker (Flicker)-*Colaptes melanochloros*. 3 seen in total. Inexplicably called “Woodpecker” when all other *Colaptes* are called Flickers? Green-barred Woodpecker (Flicker) - *Colaptes melanochloros*. I *Colaptes atricollis*, *C. punctigula*, and *C. melanochloros* were formerly (e.g., Cory 1919, Pinto 1937, Peters 1948, Phelps & Phelps 1958a, Meyer de Schauensee 1970) treated in a separate genus, *Chrysoptilus*, but Short (1965, 1972a, 1982) merged this into *Colaptes*. However, plumage similarities of these three species to *Piculus* suggests that further study may reveal a closer relationship to that genus ; in fact, recent genetic data with limited taxon-sampling suggest that *Piculus* and South American *Colaptes* are more closely related to each other than either is to North American *Colaptes* (Prychitko & Moore 2000, Weibel & Moore 2002a, b; see also Webb & Moore 2005). Ridgely & Greenfield (2001) and Hilty (2003) retained *Chrysoptilus* for *punctigula* only. 59. *Colaptes atricollis*, *C. punctigula*, and *C. melanochloros* were called "Flickers" by Short (1982). 60. The subspecies *melanolaimus* (with *nigroviridis* and *leucofrenatus*) was formerly (e.g., Cory 1919, Traylor 1951c, Meyer de Schauensee 1970; but not Laubmann 1934, Peters 1948) considered a separate species ("Golden-breasted Woodpecker") from *Colaptes melanochloros*, but they intergrade where in contact (Short 1972a, Winkler & Christie 2002). The subspecies *nigroviridis* and "*mariae*" were also formerly (e.g., Cory 1919) each considered separate species from *Colaptes melanochloros*, but Peters (1948) treated them all as conspecific; "*mariae*" is not currently recognized as a valid taxon at any level (Short 1972a, 1982, Winkler & Christie 2002).

Campo Flicker - *Colaptes campestris*. 2 feeding on a lawn at Okinowa May 13<sup>th</sup>. Common at Cutal.

Pale-crested Woodpecker – *Celeus lugubris* One in the Botanical Gardens on May 13<sup>th</sup>

Lineated Woodpecker - *Dryocopus lineatus*. Also one in the Botanical Gardens on May 13<sup>th</sup> and two at Cutal on May 26<sup>th</sup>.

Crimson-crested Woodpecker – *Campephilus melanoleucos*. One bird seen near Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup>.

Cream-backed Woodpecker – *Campephilus leucopogon*. 2 in the Chaco and one near Tambo

## SUBOSCINE PASSERINES

Olivaceous Woodcreeper - *Sittasomus griseicapillus*. Seen on the Lagunillas road and at Cutal Ranch. The SACC says “*Sittasomus griseicapillus* almost certainly consists of multiple species (Hardy et al. 1991, Ridgely & Tudor 1994, Parker et al. 1995, Ridgely & Greenfield 2001, Hilty 2003), with at least five subspecies groups possibly deserving separate species status (Marantz et al. 2003).” The subspecies we saw in Bolivia was *viridis*. In Manu it’s



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.16

*amazonas*, in the west of N Peru and Ecuador its *aequatorialis*, and in SE Brazil it's *sylviellus* and there are more. Watch this taxon for splits.

Great Rufous Woodcreeper - *Xiphocolaptes major*. Two on the Lagunillas road responded to playback. Three more seen at Cutal Ranch in good light !

Black-banded Woodcreeper - *Dendrocolaptes picumnus*.

Straight-billed Woodcreeper - *Xiphorhynchus picus*. Common at Flor de Oro. One seen at Cutal ranch under the compound roof.

Striped Woodcreeper - *Xiphorhynchus obsoletus*. One at Flor de Oro on May 16th.

Jurua Woodcreeper – *Xiphorhynchus juruanus*. One at Flor de Oro. Cory & Hellmayr (1925) treated the subspecies *juruanus* and *insignis* as separate species from *X. spixii*, and Pinto (1947) also maintained *juruanus* as a separate species; but they were considered conspecific by Zimmer (1934d) and Peters (1951). More recently Jurua Woodcreeper as been considered part of Elegant Woodcreeper but is now considered a good species

Buff-throated (Lafranaye's) Woodcreeper - *Xiphorhynchus (guttatoides) guttatus*. Common at Flor de Oro. Some authorities consider Buff throated Woodcreeper of SE Brasil as distinct from Lafreneyes's but some authorities consider the reason for splitting weak, as I do.

Narrow-billed Woodcreeper - *Lepidocolaptes angustirostris*. Common in the lowlands around Santa Cruz and Trinidad. Snazzy!

**CE/RRS** Chaco Earthcreeper – *Upucerthia certhioides*. 1 in the Chaco out of Boyuibe on May 20th. A range restricted Chaco endemic. Vaurie (1980) considered *harterti* and *certhioides* as conspecific, but see Kratter et al. (1993) and Ridgely & Tudor (1994) for rationale for maintaining as separate species until more data are available; they form a superspecies (Sibley & Monroe 1990, Remsen 2003) and are sister taxa (Fjeldså et al. 2007).

**BE/RRS** Bolivian Earthcreeper - *Upucerthia harterti*. Two responded well to playback at Tambo on May 22<sup>nd</sup>. A special bird of Bolivia.

Rufous Hornero - *Furnarius rufus*.

**CE/RRS** Crested Hornero - *Furnarius cristatus*. A tailless one seen well in the Chaco.

Chotoy Spinetail - *Schoeniophylax phryganophila*. 4 seen at lomas de Arena and 6 seen at Cutal. A very pretty, noisy Furnarid.



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.17

**Sooty-fronted Spinetail - *Synallaxis frontalis*.** Common in the Chiquitiano woodland south of Santa Cruz and also seen at Samaipata.

**Azara's Spinetail - *Synallaxis azarae*.** We saw the *samaipatae* subspecies near Torrecillas. This latter was formally considered a separate species known as Buff-browed Spinetail. The SACC says "The *superciliosa* subspecies group (including *samaipatae*), was formerly (e.g., Cory & Hellmayr 1925, Peters 1951, Meyer de Schauensee 1970) considered a separate species ("Buff-browed Spinetail") from *S. azarae*, but see Remsen et al. (1988).

**Pale-breasted Spinetail - *Synallaxis albescens*.** Common at Flor de Oro.

**Ochre-cheeked Spinetail - *Synallaxis scutata*.\***

**Plain-crowned Spinetail – *Synallaxis gujanensis*.** One seen well in the Santa Cruz Botanical gardens on May 13<sup>th</sup>. Two more seen at Cutal before the Maned wolf on May 28<sup>th</sup>.

**Stripe-crowned Spinetail - *Cranioleuca pyrrhophia*.** We saw two subspecies – nominate *pyrrhophia* in the lowlands of the Chaco and *straticeps* in the Valles. Two species may be involved.

**Yellow-Chinned Spinetail - *Certhiaxis cinnamomea*.** We called in one at the pond in the Botanical gardens. Finally one was seen at Cutal ranch on May 26<sup>th</sup> near the ranch house.

**CE/RRS Short-billed Canastero – *Asthenes baeri*.** In Bolivia restricted to chaco habitat. Two on May 20<sup>th</sup> out of Boyuibe.

**Rusty-vented Canastero – *Asthenes dorbignyi consobrina* 2** near Torrecillas. The subspecies *huancavelicae* and *arequipae* are considered separate species ("Pale-tailed Canastero" and "Dark-winged Canastero") from *Asthenes dorbignyi* by Fjeldså & Krabbe (1990) and Ridgely & Tudor (1994).

**CE/RRS Little Thornbird – *Phacellodomus silbilatrix*.** Fairly common in the chaco.

**Common (Rufous-fronted) Thornbird - *Phacellodomus rufifrons*.** Common in the Santa Cruz lowlands.

**Streak-Fronted Thornbird - *Phacellodomus striaticeps*.** One at Tambo on May 22nd

**NE/RRS Spot-breasted Thornbird - *Phacellodomus maculipectus*.** 2 seen well on consecutive days near Torrecillas. *Phacellodomus maculipectus* was formerly (e.g., Peters, 1951, Meyer de Schauensee 1970) considered a subspecies of *P. striaticollis*- Freckle-breasted Thornbird. Ridgely & Tudor (1994), based on Nores and Yzurieta, considered the subspecies *maculipectus* to be a separate species from *striaticollis*. A SACC proposal was passed to recognize *maculipectus* as a separate species. They presumably constitute a superspecies.



Greater Thornbird - *Phacellodomus ruber*. Common at Lomas de Arena, Okinowa and Cutal ranch.

Gray-crested Cacholote – *Pseudoseisura unirufa*. Common at Cutal ranch and near Trinidad.

**CE** Lark-like Bushrunner – *Coryphositera alaudina*. About 20 of this startling Old World lark look-alike in the Chaco out of Boyuibe on May 20<sup>th</sup>

Great Antshrike - *Taraba major* – fairly common.

Barred Antshrike - *Thamnophilus doliatus*. Common at Flor de Oro

Natterer's Slaty- Antshrike - *Thamnophilus stictocephalus*. 3 responded well to playback at Lago Caiman in the Noel Kempff Park. *Thamnophilus atrinucha*, *T. stictocephalus*, *T. sticturus*, *T. pelzelni*, and *T. ambiguus* were formerly (e.g., Cory & Hellmayr 1924, Pinto 1937, Peters 1951, Meyer de Schauensee 1970) considered conspecific with *T. punctatus*, with the broad species known as "Slaty Antshrike," but see Willis (1982) and Isler et al. (1997) for recognition as species, based mainly on vocal differences. Genetic data (Brumfield & Edwards 2007) indicate that *atrinucha* and *punctatus* belong to separate groups within *Thamnophilus*. Ridgely & Greenfield further recognized *leucogaster* of the Marañon Valley as a separate species; this taxon was tentatively retained as a subspecies of *T. punctatus* by Isler et al. (1997), with further evidence confirming subspecies status presented by Isler et al. (2001).

**BE/RRS** Bolivian Slaty Antshrike - *Thamnophilus punctatus*. One seen well south of Santa Cruz and in the Botanical gardens

Amazonian Antshrike - *Thamnophilus amzaonicus*. Common at Flor de Oro.

Plain-winged Antshrike – *Thamnophilus schistaceus*. One seen well on the Lagunillas road

Variable Antshrike - *Thamnophilus caerulescens*. Common in the Valles.

Rufous-capped Antshrike *Thamnophilus ruficapillus*. Great looks at this snazzy Antshrike We saw the *cochabambae* race.

Stripe-backed Antbird – *Myrmochilus strigatus*. A striking Antbird with 2 seen south of Santa Cruz in Chiquitiano woodland.

Black-capped Antwren - *Herpsilochmus atricapillus*. One seen well on the Lagunillas road and others heard.



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.19

**Rufous-winged Antwren - *Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus*. One showed well in the canopy at Lago Caiman in the Noel Kempff Park.**

**White-fringed Antwren – *Formicavora grisea*. 2 near at Flor de Oro seen well.**

**Rusty-backed Antwren – *Formicavora rufa*. Common and vocal at Flor de Oro.**

**Grey Antbird – *Cercomacra cinerascens*\***

**Blackish Antbird - *Cercomacra nigrescens* – 2 finally seen well at Flor de Oro**

**White-browed Antbird – *Myrmoborus leucophrys* 2 at Lago Caiman**

**RRS Rondonia Warbling Antbird – *Hypocnemis ochogyna*. The Warbling Antbird complex has recently been divided into several distinct species – see SPECIES LIMITS IN ANTBIRDS (THAMNOPHILIDAE):THE WARBLING ANTBIRD (HYPOCNEMIS CANTATOR) COMPLEX – Isler, Isler and Whitney. The Auk 124(1):11–28, 2007. 2 seen near Flor de Oro Lodge on May 15<sup>th</sup>.**

**Band-tailed Antbird – *Hypocnemoides maculicauda*. 2 on the north trail at Flor de Oro on May 16th**

**Southern Chestnut-tailed Antbird – *Myrmeciza hemimelena*. 2 at Flor de Oro**

**Black-throated Antbird - *Myrmeciza atrothorax*. Common at Flor de Oro**

**White-backed Fire-Eye - *Pyriglena leuconota*.\***

**Crested Gallito – *Rhinocrypta lanceolata*. Two (at least) in the Chaco. A rather flamboyant Tapaculo.**

**Olive-crowned Crescentchest - *Melanopareia maximiliani*. Very nice. One near Torrecillas on May 25th**

**White-tipped Plantcutter - *Phytotoma rutila*. Common in the TamboSaipina areas.**

**Yungas Manakin - *Chiroxiphia boliviana*. Common at Refugio Los Volcanes and also at Apa-Apa.**

**Streak-necked Flycatcher - *Mionectes striaticollis*. One near Torrecillas**

**Slaty-capped Flycatcher – *Leptopogon superciliaris*.**



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.20

**Pearly-vented Tody-Tyrant - *Hemitriccus margaritaceiventer*.** Heard commonly and one seen well at Lomas de Arena

**Stripe-necked Tody-tyrant – *Hemitriccus straticollis*.** A few sightings at Flor de Oro

**Common Tody-Flycatcher – *Todirostrum cinereum*.** One seen at Trinidad airport and two more seen at Cutal Ranch.

**Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher – *Todirostrum plumbeiceps*.** Good looks at this pretty flycatcher along the Lagunillas road.

**Sclater’s Tyrannulet – *Phyllomias sclateri*.** Common along the Lagunillas road

**Tawny-rumped Tyrannulet – *Phyllomias uropygialis*.** One in a mixed flock above Tierras Nuevas on August 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet - *Camptostoma obsoletum*.**

**Mouse-colored Tyrannulet - *Phaeomyias murina*.** Two at Flor de Oro. One seen near Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup>.

**Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet – *Tyrannulus elatus***

**Southern Scrub-Flycatcher - *Sublegatus modestus*.** One at Flor de Oro on May 16<sup>th</sup>

**Chaco Suiriri - *Suiriri suiriri*.** Common around Santa Cruz and the Chaco.

**Forest Elaenia – *Myiopagis gaimardi***

**Yellow-bellied Elaenia - *Elaenia flavogaster*.** 2 on the first morning at Lomas de Arena. Two at Cutal ranch on May 26<sup>th</sup>.

**Small-billed Elaenia – *Elaenia parvirostris*.** One seen near the ranch along the service roads on May 28<sup>th</sup>.

**Plain-crested Elaenia – *Elaenia cristata*.** One at Flor de Oro

**White-throated Tyrannulet - *Mecocerculus leucophrys*.** Common at Lomas de Arena

**White-crested Tyrannulet - *Serpophaga subcristata*.** At Lomas de Arena, Okinowa and Cutal ranch.

**White-bellied Tyrannulet - *Serpophaga munda*.** One in the valles. Three in total near Trinidad and Cutal ranch.



**Plain Tyrannulet - *Inezia inornata*.** One at Flor de Oro May 15<sup>th</sup> and one the 25<sup>th</sup> along the Rio Pirai

**Amazonian Tyrannulet – *Inezia subflava* – One at Flor de Oro. *Inezia caudata* –Pale tipped Tyrannulet -** was formerly (e.g., Pinto 1944, Phelps & Phelps 1950a, Meyer de Schauensee 1970, Traylor 1977<?>, 1979a, Ridgely & Tudor 1994) considered a subspecies of *I. subflava*, with the composite species known as "Pale-tipped Tyrannulet"; Zimmer & Whittaker (2000) showed that *caudata* merits recognition as a separate species based on vocal differences. (They also recommended use of "Inezia" as English name, which is novel but has an appeal.)

**Greater Wagtail-Tyrant - *Stigmatura budytoides*.** Very common in the Chaco and Valles.

**Yellow-billed Tit-tyrant - *Anairetes flavirostris*.** Nice looks above Torrecillas

**Yellow-Olive Tolmomyias - *Tolmomyias sulphureus*.** One at Flor de Oro

**Fuscous Flycatcher – *Cnemotriccus fuscatus*.** Pronounced vocal differences indicate that *Cnemotriccus fuscatus* consists of more than one species (Hilty 2003).

**Bran-colored Flycatcher - *Myiophobus fasciatus*.** The subspecies *rufescens* of arid western Peru and northern Chile was formerly (e.g., Cory & Hellmayr 1927) considered a separate species from *Myiophobus fasciatus*, but Zimmer (1939c) and Koepcke (1961) reported specimens that showed signs of intergradation between *rufescens* and *M. f. crypterythrus* (cf. Ridgely & Tudor 1994); thus, Meyer de Schauensee (1966) considered them conspecific, and this has been followed by subsequent authors. Jaramillo (2003), however, suggested that *rufescens* should be considered a separate species.

**Smoke-colored Peewee – *Contopus fumigatus*.** One on the Lagunillas road May 21st

**Tropical Peewee - *Contopus cinereus***

**Cliff Flycatcher - *Hirundinea ferruginea*.** Common around Saipina

**Black Phoebe - *Sayornis nigricans*.**

**Vermilion Flycatcher - *Pyrocephalus rubinus*.**

**Gray Monjita – *Xolmis cinerea*.** Two individuals seen at Cutal ranch. One from the back of the horses on May 7<sup>th</sup>.

**White Monjita - *Xolmis irupero*.** Two near Boyuibe on May 20<sup>th</sup>. 15+ at Cutal ranch.



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.22

**White-rumped Monjita – *Xolmis velata*. Six seen in total near Trinidad and at Cutal ranch.**

**CE/RRS Cinereous Tyrant – *Knipolegus striaticeps*. Two in the Chaco where it is a speciality.**

**Hudson's Black-Tyrant - *Knipolegus hudsoni*. 2 at lomas de Arena and several near Trinidad and Cutal ranch. Austral migrant to Bolivia. Renzo's lifer !**

**White-winged Black-Tyrant - *Knipolegus aterrimus*. 2 near Torrecillas flycatching from fenceposts.**

**Spectacled Tyrant - *Hymenops perspicillatus*. 3 in total at Lomas de Arena and Okinowa. 2 north of Trinidad.**

**Black-backed Water-Tyrant - *Fluvicola albiventer*. 1 responsive bird at Lomas de Arena. 2 more near trinidad and Cutal ranch.**

**Yellow-browed Tyrant - *Satrapa icterophrys*. One at Okinowa. One at Cutal ranch on May 28<sup>th</sup>.**

**Cattle Tyrant - *Machetornis rixosus*. Common around Santa Cruz and Trinidad.**

**Rufous Casiornis - *Casiornis rufa*. Quite a few south of Santa Cruz**

**Bright-rumped Attila – *Attila spadiceus*. One at Flor de Oro**

**Dusky-capped Flycatcher – *Myiarchus tuberculifer*. One seen on May 28<sup>th</sup> at Cutal ranch.**

**Swainson's Flycatcher – *Myiarchus swainsoni*. One individual seen at Cutal ranch with the distinctive pale lower mandible on May 26<sup>th</sup>. Austral Migrant.**

**Brown-crested Flycatcher - *Myiarchus tyrannulus*. 2 in the Chaco.**

**Short-crested Flycatcher – *Myiarchus ferox*. Several at Flor de Oro and one at Cutal ranch.**

**Tropical Kingbird - *Tyrannus melancholicus*.**

**Social Flycatcher - *Myiozetetes similis*.**

**Rusty-margined Flycatcher - *Myiozetetes cayanensis*. Common at Flor de Oro. Two along the Loma Suarez road near Trinidad on May 25<sup>th</sup>.**

**Lesser Kiskadee – *Philohydor lictor*. Several along quiet bays along the Rio Itanez**



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.23

Great Kiskadee - *Pitangus sulphuratus*. Common.

Boat-billed Flycatcher – *Pitangus sulphuratus*. Common

White-winged Becard - *Pachyramphus polychopterus*. One at Lago Caiman

Black-crowned Tityra - *Tityra inquisitor*. One at Flor de Oro

### OSCINE PASSERINES

Purplish Jay - *Cyanocorax cyanomelas*. Common in the Santa Cruz area and 5 seen at Cutal.

Plush-crested Jay - *Cyanocorax chrysops*. Common in lowlands.

Green (Inca) Jay - *Cyanocorax yncas*.

Rufous-browed Peppershrike - *Cyclarhis gujanensis*. Common.

Red-eyed (Chivi) Vireo - *Vireo (chivi) olivaceus*. Some classifications (e.g., Pinto 1944) have considered the South American *chivi* group as a separate species ("Chivi Vireo") from *V. olivaceus*, or as conspecific with *V. flavoviridis* (Hamilton 1962), but see Hellmayr (1935), Zimmer (1941d), Eisenmann 1962a, Johnson & Zink (1985), and Ridgely & Tudor (1989). Ridgely & Greenfield (2001) suggested, however, that more than one species may be involved within the South American *chivi* group.

Chiguanco Thrush - *Turdus chiguanco*. We saw the black *anthracinus* subspecies near Torrecillas

Andean Slaty Thrush - *Turdus nigriceps*. One near Bermejo.

Rufous-bellied Thrush - *Turdus rufiventris*. Common in the Valles

Creamy-bellied Thrush - *Turdus amaurochalinus*. Very common in Noel Kempff Park.

White-necked Thrush - *Turdus albicollis*. One seen at Cutal ranch on May 28<sup>th</sup>.

Chalk-browed Mockingbird - *Mimus saturninus*. A few in the Santa Cruz area and Trinidad.

White-banded Mockingbird - *Mimus triurus*. 2 seen in total south of Santa Cruz



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.24

**Thrush-Like Wren - *Campylorhynchus turdinus*.** We saw the *unicolor* unspotted race. The southern subspecies *unicolor* was formerly (e.g., Hellmayr 1934, Pinto 1944) treated as a separate species from *Campylorhynchus turdinus*, but Paynter & Vaurie (1960) treated them as conspecific.

**Moustached Wren - *Thryothorus genibarbis*.** Common at Refugio Los Volcanes.

**RRS Fawn-breasted Wren - *Thryothorus guarayanus*.** First in the Santa Cruz Botanical Gardens and then common to the south and in Noel Kempff Park. A speciality that can be seen in Bolivia or adjacent Brazil.

**House Wren - *Troglodytes aedon*.** Common.

**Black-capped Donacobius - *Donacobius atricapillus*.** Some at Okinowa on May 13<sup>th</sup> and several more at Trinidad airport and Cutal ranch.

**Masked Gnatcatcher - *Polioptila dumicola*.** Abundant in the Comarapa and Chaco areas.

**White-winged Swallow - *Tachycineta albiventer*.** Several seen along the Ipurupuru river.

**Brown-chested Martin - *Progne tapera***

**Gray-breasted Martin - *Progne chalybea*.** Nesting in the lodger roof at Flor de Oro

**Blue-and-White Swallow - *Notiochelidon cyanoleuca*.** Common in the lowlands.

**Southern Rough-winged Swallow - *Stelgidopteryx ruficollis***

**House Sparrow - *Passer domesticus*.**

**Yellowish Pipit - *Anthus lutescens*.** One at Okinowa May 13<sup>th</sup> The isolate population on the Peruvian coast may deserve species rank.

**Hooded Siskin - *Carduelis magellanica*.** Common.

**Tropical Parula - *Parula pitiayumi*.** One seen on May 26<sup>th</sup> at Cutal ranch.

**Brown-capped Redstart - *Myioborus brunnicaps*.** Common near Torrecillas.

**Spectacled Redstart - *Myioborus melanocephalus*.**

**Masked Yellowthroat - *Geothlypis aequinoctialis*.**

**Two-banded Warbler - *Basileuterus bivittatus*.** Common on the Lagunillas road.



**Golden-crowned Warbler - *Basileuterus culicivorus*. 1 south of Santa Cruz**

**Rufous-collared Sparrow - *Zonotrichia capensis*.**

**Grassland Sparrow - *Ammodramus humeralis*. Seen well in Noel Kempff Park and Cutal ranch.**

**Saffron-billed Sparrow - *Arremon flavirostris*. Seen on the Lagunillas road.**

**Red-crested Cardinal - *Paroaria coronata*. Common at Okinawa, Trinidad and Cutal ranch.**

**Red-capped Cardinal – *Paroaria gularis*. Common in Noel Kempff Park and Cutal ranch.**

**Bananaquit - *Coereba flaveola*.**

**Black-faced Tanager – *Schistochlamys melanopis*. Common on the open savannahs in Noel Kempff Park**

**Orange-headed Tanager - *Thlypopsis sordida*. A couple seen south of Santa Cruz**

**Guira Tanager - *Hemithraupis guira*. Again seen on the Lagunillas Road**

**Hooded Tanager – *Nemosia pileata* A male on the Lagunillas road**

**Highland Hepatic Tanager - *Piranga lutea*. Meyer de Schauensee (1966) and Ridgely & Tudor (1989) proposed that this species probably consists of two or three separate species; two occur in South America: nominate *flava* of southern and eastern South America, and the *lutea* group of the Andes region (and also Panama and Costa Rica). See Zimmer (1929) concerning earlier claims of sympatry between *flava* and *lutea*. <Burns (1998) > Ridgely & Greenfield (2001) treated the three groups as separate species. Haverschmidt and Mees (1994) treated the subspecies *haemalea* of the tepuis as a separate species from *P. flava* based on habitat differences.**

**Silver-beaked Tanager - *Ramphocelus carbo*.**

**Sayaca Tanager - *Thraupis sayaca*. Common in the lowlands and Valles.**

**Palm Tanager - *Thraupis palmarum*. Three seen on May 25<sup>th</sup> near Trinidad.**

**Blue-and-Yellow Tanager - *Thraupis bonariensis*. Common. The scientific name is named for the city of Buenos Aires. The most southerly ranging Tanager**



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.26

**Purple-throated Euphonia - *Euphonia chlorotica*.** The common euphonia of the drier xerophytic habitats.

**Thick-billed Euphonia – *Euphonia lanirostris*.** 2 above Huancane on August 26<sup>th</sup>.

**Turquoise Tanager - *Tangara mexicana*.** 4 in Noel Kempff Park

**Burnished - buff Tanager - *Tangara cayana*.** A very pretty Tanager seen on the savannas at Flor de Oro

**Blue-necked Tanager – *Tangara cyanicollis*.** In the fruiting tree at Lago Caiman

**Black-faced Dacnis – *Dacnis lineta*.** 2 in the fruiting tree at Lago Caiman

**Blue Dacnis – *Dacnis cayana*** seen in the fruiting tree at Lago Caiman

**Green Honeycreeper – *Chlorophanes spiza*** – yest gain seen in the fruiting tree at Lago Caiman

**Swallow-Tanager - *Tersina viridi*.** One male at Flor de Oro

**RRS/CE Many-colored Chaco-Finch – *Saltatricula multicolor*.** 6 in the Chaco.

**Red-crested (Pileated) Finch - *Coryphospingus cucullatus*.** Very common in the lowlands.

**Gray-crested Finch - *Lophospingus griseocristatus*.** Abundant in the Tambo area.

**BE/RRS Bolivian Warbling-Finch - *Poospiza boliviana*.** 4 at Torrecillas on August 19<sup>th</sup> and 4 above Pojo on August 21<sup>st</sup>.

**RRS Rufous-sided Warbling-Finch - *Poospiza hypochondria*.** 6 seen near Torrecillas. Also occurs in Argentina.

**Ringed Warbling-Finch - *Poospiza torquata*.** A few.

**Black-capped Warbling-Finch - *Poospiza melanoleuca*.** Abundant.

**Rusty-browed Warbling-Finch - *Poospiza erythrophrys*.** Fairly common near Torrecillas.

**Saffron Finch - *Sicalis flaveola*.** Abundant in lowlands.

**Wedge-tailed Grass-Finch - *Emberizoides herbicola*.** Common at Flor de Oro. Four seen at Cutal on May 28<sup>th</sup>.



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.27

Great Pampa Finch - *Embernagra platensis*. A few around Torrecillas and Cutal ranch.

Blue-black Grassquit - *Volatinia jacarina*.

Rusty-collared Seedeater - *Sporophila collaris*. One male at Okinowa on May 13<sup>th</sup>.

Double-collared Seedeater - *Sporophila caerulescens*. At Flor de Oro, San Rafael and Cutal.

Bicolored Seedeater – *Sporophila bicolor* – 3 at Okinowa – snazzy seedeater!

Tawny-bellied Seedeater - *Sporophila hypoxantha*. 4 at Okinowa on May 13<sup>th</sup>.

**RRS/NE** Black and Tawny Seedeater – *Sporophila nigrorufa*. A bird that can only be seen at Flor de Oro. We saw 4 to 5 sub-adults and females on the savanna

Rufous-rumped Seedeater – *Sporophila hypochroma* – 3 at Okinowa May 13<sup>th</sup>

Band-tailed Seedeater - *Catamenia analis*. One or two near Torrecillas

Chestnut-bellied Seed-Finch – *Oryzoborus angolensis*. One female seen at Trinidad Airport on May 26<sup>th</sup>.

Dull-colored Grassquit – *Tiaris obscura*.

**BE/RRS** Gray-bellied Flowerpiercer - *Diglossa carbonaria*. One at Torrecillas – a Bolivian endemic

Black-backed Grosbeak - *Pheucticus aureoventris*. Common.

Grayish Saltator - *Saltator coerulescens*. Common.

Golden-billed Saltator - *Saltator aurantirostris*. Abundant.

Ultramarine Grosbeak – *Cyanocompsa brissonii*.

Crested Oropendola - *Psarocolius decumanus*. Common.

Solitary Cacique – *Cacicus solitarius*\*

Yellow-rumped Cacique – *Cacicus celea*

Epaulet Oriole - *Icterus cayanensis*. The race we saw has a dark chestnut wing-flash.



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.28

**Campo Troupial (Oriole) - *Icterus croconotus*.** 1 Noel Kempff Park. 8 seen in total at Cutal ranch. Note the original Troupial *Icterus icterus* is considered to be now Orange-backed Troupial (Amazon region), Venezuelan Troupial (Venezuela/Colombia), Campo Troupial (SW Brazil, the Chaco and Bolivia).

**Unicolored Blackbird - *Agelaius cyanopus*.** 2 at Okinawa on May 13<sup>th</sup>. 6 at Cutal on May 28<sup>th</sup>.

**White-browed Blackbird - *Leistes superciliaris*.** Large flocks at Trinidad airport and Cutal.

**RRS Scarlet-hooded Blackbird – Spectacular species,** one seen near Laguna Suarez on May 25<sup>th</sup> and one more seen at Trinidad airport on May 28<sup>th</sup>.

**Chopi Blackbird - *Gnorimopsar chopi*.** Common in lowlands.

**BE/RRS Bolivian Blackbird - *Oreopsar bolivianus*.** A Bolivain endemic 20 seen near Saipina on May 23<sup>rd</sup>.

**Bay-winged Cowbird - *Molothrus badius*.** Common.

**Shiny Cowbird - *Molothrus bonariensis*.** Common.

**Giant Cowbird - *Scaphidura oryzivora*.** One at Okinowa on August 10<sup>th</sup>.

## MAMMALS AND REPTILES

**White-eared (Bolivian) Titi-Monkey\* – *Callicebus donacophillus*.** Heard every morning at Flor de Oro across the river in Brazil.

**Black Howler Monkey – *Alouetta cayana*\***

**Giant River Otter – *Pteranura brasiliensis* – 2 seen well at La Bahia near Flor de Oro**

**Coati – *Nasua nasua*.** One individual seen at Cutal ranch when callinga Crake.

**Amazon River Dolphin – *Inezia geoffrensis* – seen almost daily rigt from the lodge at Flor de Oro on the Itenez river**

**White-lipped Peccary – *Tayassu peccary*.** Quite a sight – 40+ animals at a clay minberla lick near Lago Caiman



## MANU EXPEDITIONS

A2.29

**Crab-eating Fox - *Cerdocyon thous*. One seen in the chaco – very tame**

**RRS Maned Wolf – *Chrysocyon brachyurus*. One individual seen on the road from Cutal ranch to Trinidad trotting along the road away from us. Everybody's lifer !!!**

**South American Pampas Fox - *Pseudalopex gymnocercus***

**Jaguarundi – *Herpailurus jaguarundi*. One individuals seen swimming accross a channel along the Trinidad northern route.**

**Cavy - *Cavis tschudi***

**Brazilian Squirrel – *Scirus aestuens*. One in the Botanical gardens**

**White Caiman – *Caiman sclerops***

**Black Caiman – *Melanosuchas niger***

**Yellow-spotted Side-necked Turtle – *Podocnemis unifilis***

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