A BIRDING TRIP REPORT FOR THE APURIMAC ENDEMICS AND THE MANU ROAD

March 10th to 22nd 2018

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An amazing twelve-day trip where we reported 287 species in total, we recorded and saw 18 Peruvian endemics, 46 restricted range species plus the impressive view of the Salkantay massif in the Vilcabamba mountain range and the legendary Manu Road. Some of the flagship birds we saw were: Koepcke’s Screech-Owl, Andean Condor, Red-and-white Antpitta, White-tufted Sunbeam, Bearded Mountaineer, Creamy-crested Spinetail, Apurimac Spinetail, Apurimac Brushfinch, Vilcabamba Tapaculo, Junin Canastero, Scribble-tailed Canastero, Yellow-rumped Antwren, plenty of Tanagers,
Flycatchers, Euphonias, Spinetails and hummingbirds, Black-backed Tody Flycatcher, Chestnut throated Spinetail, Plain Softtail, Mankins and Antbirds

Salkantay Massiff from Soraypampa

BIRDING LOCALITIES IN CUSCO, ABRA MALAGA, MACHU-PICCHU, LIMATAMBO AREA AND UPPER MANU ROAD

Limatambo area: -13.49878, -72.46236 (2500m)
Andean Spirit Lodge: -13.50853, -72.49834 (2400m)
Moyepata to Soraypampa: -13.4843, -72.5304 (3840m)
Pakaritampu Hotel (Ollantaytambo): -13.2627, -72.26794 (2800m)
Malaga pass (west side): -13.14602, -72.29423 (4200m)
Malaga pass (east side): -13.09274, -72.38701 (3250m)
ACP San Luis: -13.07810, -72.39030 (2970m)
Huacarpay lakes: -13.61783, -71.73032 (3070m)
Ollantaytambo: -13.26270, -72.26839 (2800m)
Machu Picchu: -13.16537, -72.54478 (2500m)
Paucartambo: -13.31837, -71.59740 (2900m)
Acjanaco Pass: S13 11 929 W 071 37 057 (Tres Cruces) Guard Station (3360m)
Pillahuata (below the Tunnels): S 13 09 725 W 071 35 670 (2600m)
Rocotal: S 13 06 081 W 071 34 145 (2010 m)
Cock of the Rock Lodge: S 13 03 863 W 071 32 377 (1300m)
Quita Calzon Bridge: S 13 01 550 W 071 29 979 (1000m)
DAY BY DAY ACTIVITIES

**March 10th:** Today we started at Huacarpay Lakes and birded and had a picnic lunch after which we travelled to Limatambo Andean Spirit Lodge. And after arrival we birded near the lodge and spent the night at the lodge.

**March 11th:** After an early breakfast we drove to Mollepata and we birded on the way uphill until to Soraypampa. A large number of endemics were seen as well as nice scenery and a picnic lunch we returned to cusco arriving at 6 pm.

**March 12th:** We had another early breakfast and departed with our private car to Manu making selected stops along the way. We then passed the historic town of Paucartambo Afternoon birding in the upper Cloud Forest and arrival at Wayqecha at 6 pm for the night.

**March 13th:** Today we started early back up hill to Tres Cruces looking for Scribble-tailed Canastero successfully and after birded our way back to Wayqecha for Lunch and in the afternoon, we birded near Wayqecha. Night at Wayqecha Reserve Station.

**March 14th:** As always, an early start to travel down to Pillahuata and stop some places for birds around Rocotal where we were lucky with the birds and then we continued down to Cock of the Rock Lodge. In the afternoon we birded near the Lodge and spent the night there.

**March 15th:** After breakfast we start travelling down the road and stopped at all mixed flocks we encountered and saw plenty of Tanagers, Flycatchers, Euphonias, Spinetails and hummingbirds. We returned to the lodge for lunch and in the afternoon, we visited Andean Cock of the Rock Lek and overnighted at CORL.

**March 16th:** Today we concentrated on the Rocotal area, as always with van support and the we birded along the roadside seeing a fews flocks not too much activity was evident and then back to the Lodge for lunch. Afternoon birding around the lodge.

**March 17th:** Early breakfast again and a walk up the road where we birded the roadside finding great flocks including the rare Yellow-rumped Antwren and many Tanagers plus many more species seen and then back to the Lodge for lunch and in the afternoon, we traveled with our van up the road looking the owls around the Rocotal area seeing Rufescent Screech Owl and we heard Band-bellied Owl near the Lodge. Over night at CORL.

**March 18th:** Today we headed downhill to travel to Villa Carmen Lodge with several stops for birding and finded nice flocks and we saw a lot of species until Chontachaca village where few Bamboo specialists were seen and then we stopped at Bambu Lodge where we had the lunch and after we birded in the garden – a very good Place to see Humminbirds at feeders and some tanagers and Spinetails. We continued to Villa Carmen where spent all afternoon birding in Bamboo forest and seeing the endemic
Black-backed Tody Flycatcher, Chestnut throated Spinetail, Plain Softtail, and Antbirds.

Night at Villa Carmen

**March 19th:** Lots of rain this morning but once it stopped we saw a few bamboo specialists such as Dusky cheeked Foliage Gleaner, Bamboo Antshrike, Fiery-capped Manakin, Band-tailed Manakin Manu Antbird and Johanne’s tody tyrant after lunch at Villa Carmen we did a bit of birding before starting to travel with our van to Atalaya and then to Amazonia lodge, arriving at 5 pm and we birded little around the garden and a small Oxbow lake. Overnight at Amazonia Lodge.

**March 20th:** Rain unfortunately until 10 am after which we birded trails and saw very few birds. After lunch we had more luck and it was a very good afternoon seeing Peruvian Recurvebill – fantastic! Other good birds included Rufous-capped Nunlet, Chestnut-crowned Foliage-gleaner, Cinereous Tinamou and Antwrens. Night at Amazonia Lodge.

**March 21st:** To-day we up the trail through primary foothill forest to the observation tower where we saw Western Striolated Pufbird, Round-tailed Manakin, the spiffy Hairy-crested Antbird, Golden collared Toucanet, Carmiol’s Tanager, White-winged Shrike Tanager, Speckled Spinetail and Tawny Crowned Greenlet. Back to the lodge for lunch and in the afternoon, we travelled back to Atalaya and CORL and overnighted there.

**March 22nd:** Today again an early start travelling in our private van to Cusco with stops on the way for birds we not seen and needed to see some such as Chestnut-breasted Mountain Tanager, Crowned chat Tyrant, Yungas Pygmy Owl, Three-striped Hemispingus. It was a great morning after which we continued to Paucartambo. Our last stop was Huambutio Bridge for the endemic Bearded Mountaineer where we had great views and continued to Cusco arriving to the hotel at 5:45 pm.

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**The Key to the Bird list**

Taxonomic order follows eBird/Clements Checklist v2017 (August 2017) and notes are taken from South American Classification Committee (April 2017)

http://www.museum.lsu.edu/~Remsen/SACCBaseline.htm

**RR** = Range restricted species (total range < 50.000 km2)

**E** = Peruvian Endemic

**SSP** = Endemic Subspecies

* = Heard Only

ca. = approximately

**IUCN RED LIST CATEGORY (2017)**

**(CR)** = Critically endangered

**(EN)** = Endangered

**(VU)** = Vulnerable

**(L)** = Leader only
NOTE FROM SACC: “With passage of proposal 723, the linear sequence of orders in this classification now greatly differs from the traditional sequence with which most users are familiar, particularly the sequence between the traditional beginning (ratites) and the end (passerines). Multiple independent data sets indicate that the traditional division between waterbirds and landbirds has little phylogenetic basis, with some of the non-passerine landbird orders more closely related to waterbird orders than to other landbird orders, and vice versa. To perpetuate the traditional sequence misleads ornithologists into thinking that waterbird’s, for example, form a monophyletic group. So, we might as well get used to it now!

THE BIRDLIST

TINAMOUS
Grey Tinamou – Tinamou tao.
One seen at Amazonia lodge roosting on the tower trail fantastic view. VULNERABLE

Brown Tinamou - Crypturellus obsoletus*
Heard in San Pedro area near Cock-of-the-rock Lodge

Cinereous Tinamou – crypturellus cinereus.
One seen at Amazonia at the Bamboo trail great view

Little Tinamou – Crypturellus soui*
Heard at Villa Carmen

Black-capped Tinamou – Crypturellus atrocapillus*
Heard at Villa Carmen many times

Ornate Tinamou
Undulated Tinamou – Crypturellus undulatus.
One seen at Villa Carmen in the garden great view.

Ornate Tinamou - Nothoprocta ornata
One seen on our way to Paucartambo in upper Quelloqello area near the pass very good view.

WATERFOWL

Andean Goose - Oressochen melanopterus
One seen upper the Quelloqello near the pass in flight.

Puna Teal - Anas puna
8 individuals seen at Huacarpay lake

Cinnamon Teal - Anas cyanoptera
2 individuals seen at Huacarpay lakes

Yellow-billed Pintail (South American) - Anas georgica spinicauda [Anas georgica spinicauda/niceforoi]
4 individuals seen at Huacarpay lakes

Yellow-billed Teal (oxyptera) - Anas flavirostris oxyptera
10 individuals seen at Huacarpay lakes. The SACC says “Hellmayr & Conover (1948a) and many earlier classifications treated andium (Andean Teal) as a separate species from A. flavirostris. Many authors, from Meyer de Schauensee (1970) to Dickinson (2003), have treated andium as a subspecies of A. flavirostris. Anas andium was considered a separate species from Anas flavirostris by Ridgely et al. (2001), and this was followed by Hilty (2003). SACC proposal passed to recognize andium as separate species. Jaramillo (2003) further suggested that the subspecies oxyptera may also deserve recognition as a separate species from A. flavirostris.

Ruddy Duck (Andean) - Oxyura jamaicensis ferruginea
2 individuals seen at Huacarpay lakes. Andean populations have often (e.g., Hellmayr & Conover 1948a, Siegfried 1976, Sibley & Ahlquist 1990, AOU 1998, Ridgely & Greenfield 2001, Jaramillo 2003, del Hoyo & Collar 2014) been treated as a separate species, O. ferruginea ("Andean Duck" or "Andean Ruddy-Duck"). However, see Adams and Slavid (1984), Fjeldså (1986), McCracken & Sorenson (2005), and Donegan et al. (2015) for rationale for treating them as conspecific, as done previously (e.g., Blake 1977, Johnsgard 1979), and then followed by Fjeldså & Krabbe (1990), Carboneras (1992f), and Dickinson & Remsen (2013). Siegfried (1976) and Livezey (1995) considered ferruginea to be more closely related to O. vittata than to O. jamaicensis, but McCracken & Sorenson (2005) showed that this is incorrect.

Crested Duck – Lophonetta specularioides.
5 individuals seen at San Salvador Lake.
GUANS AND CHACHALACAS

Speckled Chachalaca - *Ortalis guttata*

Seen near Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge.

**SSP Andean Guan - Penelope montagnii plumosa**

Seen around the Wayqecha at Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m). Penelope was the wife of the hero Odysseus in Greek mythology. She was the daughter of Icarius and Periboea. Penelope had managed to keep all of her suitors at bay. She had told them she would choose a suitor once she finished weaving a burial shroud for her father-in-law, Laertes; however, every night, she would undo part of the shroud. Her plan was revealed by one of her servants, Melantho. Penelope eventually appeared in front of the suitors and said that she would marry the suitor that would be able to string Odysseus’ bow and shoot an arrow through twelve axe heads. She already knew that this was a task that only her husband would have been able to achieve. None of the suitors was able to complete the task, and a disguised Odysseus asked to try; after being successful, he revealed himself and killed the suitors with the help of his son, the goddess Athena, and two of his herdsmen. Penelope, still not believing that this was her husband, told him to command the servant to move their bed. Odysseus protested saying that it was impossible as one of the legs of the bed was part of a living olive tree. Penelope finally accepted that this man was who he claimed to be, and the couple were reunited.

Spix’s Guan – *Penelope jacquacu*.

Seen on two consecutive days at Amazonia Lodge.

**Blue-throated Piping Guan – Pipile cumanensis.**

Seen at Villa Carmen in the garden.
Razor-billed Curassow – *Mitu tuberosa.*
Seen at Amazonia Lodge - fantastic views

**FLAMINGOS**
Chilean Flamingo - *Phoenicopterus chilensis*
1 individual seen at Huacarpay lakes

**GREBES**
White-tufted Grebe - *Rollandia rolland*
2 individuals seen at Huacarpay lakes. *Rollandia:* Specific name *Podiceps rolland.* *rolland:* In honor of Thomas Pierre Rolland, Master Gunner (1776-1847) French Navy, of the corvette L’Uranie which circled the globe 1817-1848.

Silvery Grebe – *Podiceps occipitalis.*
3 individuals seen at San Salvador Lake.

**PIGEONS AND DOVES**
Rock Pigeon - *Columba livia*
Feral Pigeon. The feral population is common near cities and towns.

Spot-winged Pigeon (*albipennis*) - *Patagioenas maculosa albipennis*
2 individuals seen on our way to Paucartambo. It has been suggested that the *albalinea* race may be a separate species from North American populations.

Band-tailed Pigeon (White-necked) - *Patagioenas fasciata albilinea [albilinea Group]*
Very common at Mollepata and on the Manu road around Wayquecha.

Bare-faced Ground-Dove - *Metriopelia cecilieae*
2 seen on our way cusco to Limatambo. Named for Cecile Gautrau daughter of French naturalist Rene Lesson

Eared Dove - *Zenaida auriculata*
Common in the Andes. Seen at Limatambo and Huacarpay Lakes

Plumbeous Pigeon – *Patagioenas plumbea.*
Seen near the Cock of The Rock Lodge fairly common.

Ruddy Pigeon – *Patagioenas subvinacea.*
Seen at Villa Carmen in the garden very good views **VULNERABLE**

White-tipped Dove (*brasiliensis Group*) - *Leptotila verreauxi decipiens*
Very common at Limatambo. Named for the impressive sounding John Baptiste Edouard Verreaux (1810-1868) French Natural History dealer and collector

Grey-fronted Dove – *Leptotila rufaxilla.*
A pair seen well at Amazonia Lodge

**CUCKOOS**
Smooth-billed Ani - *Crotophaga ani*
4 individuals seen at Andean Spirit Lodge and on Manu Road very common.

**Squirrel Cuckoo – *Playa cayana***
Seen at CORL and Amazonia Lodge. Fairy Common

**POTOOS**
Great Potoo - *Nyctibius grandis*
1 seen on our way from Pilcopato to Atalaya

**NIGHTJARS AND ALLIES**
Band-winged Nightjar (*atripunctata*) - *Systellura longirostris atripunctata*
1 seen on the upper Manu Road near Wayqecha fantastic view (2900m)

**Swallow-tailed Nightjar - *Uropsalis segmentata***
1 seen on the Manu Road near Wayqecha.

**Lyre-tailed Nightjar - *Uropsalis lyra***
Seen on the Manu Road at Manu Cloud forest lodge roosting (1700-1800m)

**Common Pauraque – *Nyctidromus albicollis***
One seen at Amazonia Lodge on trails

**SWIFTS**
Chestnut-collared Swift - *Streptoprocne rutila*
8 individuals seen on flights in Manu road and also at Amazonia Lodge

**White-collared Swift - *Streptoprocne zonaris***
Common. Seen at Soraypampa and also on the Manu road

**Andean Swift - *Aeronautes andecolus***
6 individuals seen at Huambutio in the Bearded Moutaineer valley

**HUMMINGBIRDS**
Green-fronted Lancebill - *Doryfera ludovicae*
1 individual seen on Manu road near the Sapan Sachayus Lodge.

**Green Hermit – *Phaethornis guy***
Seen at Cock of the Rock Lodge feeders on two consecutive days

**Great-billed Hermit – *Phaethornis malaris***
This Hermit seen at Villa Carmen in the heliconia flowers
**White-bearded Hermit – Phaethornis hipidus.**
One seen at Amazonia Lodge on the trail in heliconia flowers

**E Koepcke’s Hermit – Phaethornis koepckeae**
Every day seen at Amazonia Lodge. This Hummingbird named in honor of Maria Koepcke, a pioneering German field biologist and a leading ornithologist in Peru between 1949 and 1971. She was a successful Neotropical ornithologist at a time when South American ornithology was male-dominated. Maria Koepcke moved from Germany to Peru, where she married her classmate zoologist Hans-Wilhelm Koepcke in 1950. Together they collaborated on much of their scientific work and publications. In addition to 10 new sub-species of birds, Maria described two new furnariid species and a new genus and species of cotinga, the White-cheeked Cotinga. The Selva Cacique (Cacicus koepkeae) and the Sira Curassow (Pauxi koepckeae) are also named in her honor as well as this Hummingbird. On Christmas Eve 1971, Maria Koepcke flew with her 17-year-old daughter Juliane on LANSA Flight 508 from Lima to Pucallpa to join her husband for the holidays. The Lockheed L-188A Electra flew directly into a thunderstorm and was hit by lightning, disintegrating above the Amazon rainforest. The Koepkes were separated from each other in mid-air, but both survived the fall. Maria was badly injured, however, and died several days later. Juliana (the only survivor of 85 souls), despite having sustained a broken collar bone and an eye injury, was able to travel through the dense jungle for eleven days, eventually reaching a makeshift logging camp on 3 January 1972. Juliana still runs the biological station set up by her parents near Pucallpa in Peru.

Koepcke’s Hermit - John Hopkins

**Black-eared Fairy – Heliothryx aurita.**
One seen at Amazonia lodge in the garden
Rufous-crested Coquette – *Lophornis delattrei*
One seen at Villa Carmen and also at Amazonia lodge

**E Peruvian Piedtail - Phlogophilus harterti**
Seen on two consecutive days around Cock of the Rock Lodge

Andean Hillstar – *Oreotrochilus estella*
A pair seen at Quelloquello on our way to Paucartambo

Wedge-billed Hummingbird - *Schistes geoffroyi*
1 seen at Cock-of-the-rock Lodge. Named for Etienne Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire (1772-1884) French zoologist

**Lesser Violetear (Andean) – Colibri cyanotus crissalis**
*Colibri cyanotus cyanotus/crissalis*
1 individual seen at Cock of The Rock Lodge. The Central and Middle American form of Green Violetar have been split into Mexican Violetear by the AOU so our form which occurs from Costa Rica to Bolivia is now this species.

Sparkling Violetear - *Colibri coruscans*
Very Common seen in Huambutio valley

Amethyst-throated Sunangel (Amethyst-throated) - *Heliangelus amethysticollis amethysticollis* [amethysticollis Group]
4 individuals seen at Wayqecha at the feeders. Sunangels are called such because of their characterstic way of raising their wings like a stylized Angel on alighting on a twig.

Wire-crested Thortail - *Discosura popelaireii*

**SSP Speckled Hummingbird (melanogenys Group) - Adelomyia melanogenys chlorospila** [melanogenys Group]
Several individuals seen at Cock of the Rock Lodge

Long-tailed Sylph - *Aglaiocercus kingi*
Several individuals seen at Wayqecha and Cock of the Rock Lodge. Named for Rear-Admiral Philip Parker King (1791-1856) British marine surveyor and collector in tropical America. He subsequently commanded the survey vessel HMS Adventure, and in company with HMS Beagle, spent five years surveying the complex convoluted coasts around the Strait of Magellan (1826-1830) at the southern tip of South America. At the same time, King put together a unique collection of Patagonian objects from local tribes living in Tierra del Fuego, which was later donated to the British Museum in London. In addition to written records, King also lent his hand to drawing and watercolour painting for illustrations, some of which were later used to illustrate his accounts. The result was presented at a meeting of the Royal Geographical Society in 1831. His eldest son, also
named Philip Gidley King,[7] accompanied his father and continued as a midshipman in HMS Beagle (1832 - 1836) on the continuing survey of Patagonia under Robert FitzRoy, in the company of noted scientist Charles Darwin (1809-1882). King owned a property at Dunheved in the western suburbs of Sydney where he entertained Charles Darwin on Darwin’s last night in Sydney in January 1836.

Black-tailed Trainbearer – *Lesbia victoriae*.

Rufous-capped Thornbill - *Chalcostigma ruficeps*
Seen near Wayqecha and Pillahuata area.

**E Bearded Mountaineer (Eastern) - *Oreonympha nobilis nobilis***
1 adult individual seen at Bambutio valley. *Oreonympha*: Gr. oros, oreos= mountain and numphē= nymph. *nobilis*: L. nobilis= admirable, famous, renowned, noble, high-born, nobleman. The *albolimbata* subspecies of WC Peru is considered a distinct species by Birdlife International. The ornithologist John Gould described the species in 1869, from a specimen collected by H. Whitely at Tinta near Cuzco.
Tyrian Metaltail (*smaragdinicollis*) - *Metallura tyrianthina smaragdinicollis*

Very common seen at soray pampa and manu road Wayqecha feeders, Llaullipata and Wayqecha. **Metallura:** Gr. Metallon= metal and oura= tail. **tyrianthina:** L. tyrianthinus tyrianthine= of a color between purple and violet. Named after the color Tyrian purple; Variously known as Royal purple, Tyrian purple, purple of the ancients, this ancient dyestuff, mentioned in texts dating about 1600 BC, was produced from the mucus of the hypobranchial gland of various species of marine mollusks, notably Murex. Although originating in old port of Tyre in modern day Syria (hence the name), man’s first large scale chemical industry spread throughout the world. With the decline of the Roman Empire, the use of the dye also declined and large-scale production ceased with the fall of Constantinople in 1453. It was replaced by other cheaper dyes like lichen purple and madder.

**RR Scaled Metaltail – Metallura aeneocauda.**
One seen above Wayqecha during roadside birding.

**RR Buff-thighed Puffleg – haplophaedia assimilis.**
One seen around Rocotal during roadside birding

**Sapphire-vented Puffleg – Eriocnemis sapphiropygia.**
One seen at Ajanacco near the 3 cruces feeding on Flowers.

**Bronzy Inca – Coeligena coeligena.**
Two seen at Cock of the Rock Lodge at feeders,

**Collared (Goulds) Inca – Coeligena torquata.**
3 times seen at Wayqecha in the feeder’s fantastic views.

**SSP Shining Sunbeam - Aglaeactis cupripennis caumatonota**
Seen fairly commonly at Soray pampa and near Wayqecha.

**E White-tufted Sunbeam - Aglaeactis castelnaudii castelnaudii**
6 individuals seen around Soraypampa.

**RR SSP Violet-throated Starfrontlet (Cuzco) – Coeligena violifer osculans**
4 individuals seen at Wayqecha at the feeders.

**SSP Mountain Velvetbreast – Lafresnaya lafresnayi rectirostris**
4 individuals seen on the way up to Soraypampa and at the Ecocamp.

**Chestnut-breasted Coronet – Boissonneaua matthewsii**
Fairy common seen at Wayqecha Research Station in the feeders
White-tufted Sunbeam – Alex Durand
**E Anna’s Racket-tail – Ocreatus annae**
Several individual seen on the Manu Road at Cock of the Rock Lodge. The Racket tailed Puffleg was unknown in life but specimens existed in various London cabinets, whence a drawing was sent in 1832 by Mr. Underwood on behalf of Charles Stokes, a London stockbroker and collector. An article in Zootaxa 4200 (1): 083–108 2016 Biogeography and taxonomy of racket-tail hummingbirds (Aves: Trochilidae: Ocreatus): evidence for species delimitation from morphology and display behavior by KARL-L. SCHUCHMANN, ANDRÉ-A. WELLER & DIETMAR JÜRGENS provided evidence from plumage and behavior that *Ocreatus underwoodii* should be treated as four species, with the subspecies *addae*, *annae*, and *peruana* elevated to species rank. If this is so the species would be thus

- **White-booted Racket-tail** *O. underwoodii* **Venezuela to W Ecuador**
- **Peruvian Racket-tail** *O. peruvianus* **E Ecuador to NE Peru**
- **Anna’s Racket-tail** *O. annae* **Pasco to Cuzco (endemic)**
- **Rufous-booted Racket-tail** *O. addae* **Bolivia (endemic)**

- **Violet-fronted Brilliant** – *Heliodoxa leadbeateri*
  Very common Seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge

- **Gould’s Jewelfront** – *Heliodoxa aurescens*.
  A Pair seen fantastic Views at Amazonia Lodge at the feeders

- **Giant Hummingbird** – *Patagona gigas*
  2 individuals seen at Huacarpay Lakes. One of the world's largest Hummingbirds after the Sword-billed Hummingbird if talking about measurement from tail tip to bill tip

- **Many-spotted Hummingbird** – *Taphrospilus hypostictus*
  Seen at Cock-of-the-rock Lodge

- **SSP Golden-tailed Sapphire** – *Chrysuronia oenone josephinae*
  Seen at Villa Carmen and Amazonia lodge very common

- **Sword-billed Hummingbird** – *Ensifera ensifera*.
  At Soraypampa one seen - fantastic view

- **White-necked Jacobin** – *Florisuga mellivora*.
  A few seen at Amazonia lodge at the feeders

- **Blue-tailed Emerald** – *Chlorostilbon mellisugus*
  Every day seen at Villa Carmen and Amazonia Lodge common

- **Fork-tailed Woodnymph** – *Thalurania fuscata*
  Very common at Amazonia Lodge in vervena flowers
Sword-billed Hummingbird - John Hopkins

Violet-headed Hummingbird - *Klais guimeti*
2 individuals seen at Amazonia Lodge in the garden

Gray-breasted Sabrewing – *Campylopterus largipennis*.
One of the very common Hummingbird at Amazonia Lodge

White-bellied Hummingbird - *Amazilia chionogaster*
6 individuals seen at Andean Spirit Lodge Hotel Limatambo in the garden

Sapphire-spangled Emerald – *Amazilia lactea*
Common at Villa Carmen and Amazonia Lodge in the gardens

**HOATZIN**

Hoatzin – *Opisthocomus hoazin*.
Very common seen at Villa Carmen Station and also at Amazonia Lodge. Large impressive and clumsy – a delight to watch!

**RAILS, GALLINULES, AND COOTS**

**SSP** Plumbeous Rail - *Pardirallus sanguinolentus tschudii*

Seen. Very common at Huacarpay Lakes

Gray-cowled Wood Rail – *Aramides cajanea*.
One seen at Villa Carmen in the garden
Common Gallinule (Altiplano) - *Gallinula galeata garmani*
Common. Seen at Huacarpay lakes. Note that the New World form has been split from the Common Moorhen of Eurasia. Common Gallinule of Western Hemisphere is split from Common Moorhen on the basis of morphological, genetic, and vocal differences (Groenenberg et al 2008).

Slate-colored Coot - *Fulica ardesiaca*
Seen 5 individuals at Huacarpay lakes. Called "Andean Coot" in Fjeldså & Krabbe (1990), Taylor (1996 and Ridgely et al. (2001) but other authors use Slate-colored Coot

Giant Coot – *Fulica gigantea*
Very common seen at San Salvador Lake

Uniform Crake – *Amaurolimnas concolor.*
At Cock of the Rock Lodge and also in Amazonia lodge*

**PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS**

Andean Lapwing - *Vanellus resplendens*
3 individuals seen at Huacarpay Lakes

Southern Lapwing – *Vanellus chilensis*
Two individuals seen near the village of Asuncion on the lower Manu road

**STILTS AND AVOCETS**

Black-necked Stilt (White-backed) - *Himantopus mexicanus melanurus*
8 individuals seen at Huacarpay lakes. Taxonomy is a bit confusing. The SACC says “*Himantopus mexicanus* was formerly considered a subspecies of Old World *H. himantopus* ("Common Stilt"). Some authors have treated southern South American *melanurus* (White-backed Stilt) as a separate species. The six taxa in the genus *Himantopus* form a near-globally distributed super species and between one to six species-level taxa recognized by various authors. Virtually no data are available relevant to taxon-ranking of allopatric populations. The contact between *mexicanus* and *melanurus* in South America, where at least some hybridization occurs, affords one of the best opportunities for such study.

**SANDPIPERS AND ALLIES**

Spotted Sandpiper - *Actitis macularius*
2 seen by the river near the Machupicchu museum and another one seen on a creek in Limatambo area.

Greater Yellowlegs - *Tringa melanoleuca*
Very common seen at Huacarpay Lakes.

Lesser Yellowlegs – *Tringa flavipes.*
Another bird seen very common at Huacarpay Lakes.
Pectoral Sandpiper – *Calidris melanotos*
5 individuals seen at Huacarpay Lakes

White-rumped Sandpiper – *Calidris fusicollis*
4 individuals seen at Huacarpay lake.

**GULLS, TERNs**

Andean Gull - *Chroicocephalus serranus*
Common in the Andes. Seen at Huacarpay lakes and on the way to Paucartambo.

**CORMORANTS**

NeotropiC Cormorant - *Phalacrocorax brasilianus*
2 individuals seen at Huacarpay lakes,

**HERONS, EGRETS, AND BITTERNs**

RufescenT Tiger-Heron - *Tigrisoma lineatum*
One seen at Amazonia Lodge on the oxbow lake

Great Egret (American) - *Ardea alba egretta*
1 seen at Huacarpay Lakes

Cattle Egret (Western) - *Bubulcus ibis ibis*
2 Individuals Seen at Huacarpay lakes.

Capped Heron – *Pilherodius pileatus*.
One at Amazonia Lodge in flight

Black-crowned Night-Heron (American) - *Nycticorax nycticorax hoactli*
1 seen at Huacarpay Lakes

**IBISES**

Puna Ibis - *Plegadis ridgwayi*
4 individuals seen at Huacarpay Lakes

**NEW WORLD VULTURES**

Turkey Vulture (South Temperate) - *Cathartes aura jota*
2 seen at Chontachaca, Villa Carmen and also Amazonia lodge very common. Jaramillo (2003) suggested that the resident tropical subspecies ruficollis and the southern subspecies group (jota and "falklandica") might merit recognition as separate species from the northern *Cathartes aura* group.

Black Vulture – *Coragyps atratus*.
Another very common bird in the Amazon lowlands

Andean Condor - *Vultur gryphus*
1 seen on our way to Soraypampa

**HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES**

**Roadside Hawk (Mainland) - Rupornis magnirostris occiduus [magnirostris Group]**
2 individuals seen below Cock of the Rock Lodge in the San Pedro area

**Variable Hawk (Variable) - Geranoaetus polyosoma polyosoma**
2 individuals seen at Andean Spirit Lodge Limatambo and also at Soraypampa. Farquhar (1988) concluded that *Buteo poecilochrous* and *B. polyosoma* are conspecific, as they were formerly treated (REF); he was unable to find any way to reliably diagnose the two forms using plumage characters or measurements. Ridgely & Greenfield (2001), Jaramillo (2003), and Schulenberg et al. (2007) followed this treatment and suggested "Variable Hawk" be retained for the composite species. Genetic data (Riesing et al. 2003) are consistent with hypothesis that *B. polyosoma* and *B. poecilochrous* are conspecific. [incorp. Cabot & De Vries 2003, Vaurie 1962]. SACC proposal passed to treat as conspecific. Cabot & de Vries (2003, 2004, 2010) presented additional data that support their recognition as separate species. SACC proposal to re-elevate *poecilochrous* to species rank did not pass.

**Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle - Geranoaetus melanoleucus**
One seen at Limatambo

**Broad-winged Hawk - Buteo platypterus**
1 seen below Wayqecha Lodge

**White-throated Hawk - Buteo albigula**
1 seen around Pacchayoc perched in a tree and great views

**Black and Chestnut Eagle – Spizaetus isidori**
One individual seen perched at Rocotal – stunning views **ENDANGERED**

**Montane Solitary Eagle – Buteogallus solitarius**
A pair seen around CORL. 1 Adult and 1 juvenile excellent view

**OWLS**

**E SSP Koepcke's Screech-Owl (Apurimac) - Megascops koepckeae hockingi**
2 individuals seen at Andean Spirit Lodge fantastic views. **Megascops**: Gr. Megas, megale= large, great and scops= an owl. In reference of Old World generally eared owls. **koepckeae**: In honor of Maria Emilia Koepcke née von Mikulicz-Radecki (1924-1971) German ornithologist in Peru 1949-1971, explorer, and collector. Named for Maria Koepcke, originally Maria Emilie Anna von Mikulicz-Radecki, was born and educated in Germany, earning a PhD in Zoology from Kiel University in 1949. She then moved to Peru, where she married zoologist Hans-Wilhelm Koepcke in 1950. Together they collaborated on much of their scientific work and publications, and had a daughter named Juliane. She was a successful Neotropical ornithologist at a time when South American ornithology was male-dominated. On Christmas Eve 1971, Koepcke traveled with her 17-year-old daughter on LANSA Flight 508 from Lima to Pucallpa to join her
husband for a holiday. The plane encountered a severe thunderstorm, was hit by lightning, and disintegrated above the Amazon Rainforest. Seated next to each other, the Koepkes were separated in mid-air (with Juliane remaining belted to their row of three seats), and both survived the fall. Coming to rest in different areas of the jungle floor, Maria was badly injured and died several days later. Juliane, despite sustaining a broken collar bone and an eye injury, was able enough to travel through the dense jungle for eleven days, before reaching a makeshift logging camp and being subsequently rescued on 3 January 1972. See https://www.amazon.com/When-Fell-Sky-Juliane-Koepcke/dp/0983754705

Koepcke’s Screech-Owl – Silverio Duri

**Rufescent Screech-Owl - Megascops ingens**
1 seen at Rocotal fantastic view.

**RR Peruvian Pygmy-Owl - Glaucidium peruanum***
At Andean Spirit Lodge. This latter intermountain race is slower voiced and may be a different species. – pers com Barry Walker

**Buff-fronted Owl – Aegolius harrisii***
Heard at Andean Spirit Lodge very difficult to see this time

**Tawny-bellied Screech Owl – Megascops watsonii**
Heard at Amazonia Lodge fairly common.

**Black-banded Owl – Cicaba huhula**
1 individual seen at Villa Carmen fantastic views near the Station.
Band-bellied Owl – *Pulsatrix melanota*
At CORL.

**TROGONS**
Golden-headed Quetzal - *Pharomachrus auriceps*
1 male seen in Pillahuata near the Pacchayoc fantastic view

**SSP** Masked Trogon - *Trogon personatus submontanus*
Seen fairly commonly on the Manu road.

Black-tailed Trogon - *Trogon melanurus*.
Two consecutive days seen at Amazonia Lodge

Green-backed Trogon – *Trogon viridis*.
One seen at Amazonia Lodge at the canopy tower

Collared Trogon – *Trogon collaris*.
One seen at Amazonia Lodge on the trail to the canopy tower

Blue-crowned Trogon – *Trogon curucui*
1 seen at Villa Carmen Station in the garden

Amazonian Trogon – *Trogon ramonianus*
1 seen at the Canopy Tower at Amazonia Lodge

**MOTMOTS**
**SSP** Andean Motmot - *Momotus aequatorialis chlorolaemus*

**JACAMARS**
**RR** Bluish-fronted Jacamar – *Galbula cyanescens*
A pair seen below de CORL. And also, at villa Carmen
PUFFBIRDS

White-eared Puffbird - *Nystalus chacuru*
3 individuals seen at Andean Spirit Lodge and Limatambo area. *Nystalus*, nustalos = sleepy. *chacuru*: (Guarani) Indigenous name for this bird.

Black-streaked Puffbird - *Malacoptila fulvogularis*
One seen great view near Rocotal on the Manu Road.

Chestnut-capped Puffbird – *Bucco macrodactylus*
One seen at Villa Carmen Station.

**RR Western Striolated Puffbird – Nystalus obamai**
A pair seen in Canopy tower spectacular views at Amazonia Lodge. Named for the former President of the United States Barrack Obama

Lanceolated Monklet – *Micromonacha lanceolata.*
1 individual seen at Quita Calzon Bridge.

Black-fronted Nunbird - *Monasa nigrifrons.*
Two consecutive days seen at Villa Carmen Station.
Swallow-wing – *Chelidoptera tenebrosa*.  
2 individuals seen near Pilcopata and also at Villa Carmen.

**NEW WORLD BARBETS**  
Versicolored Barbet (Blue-moustached) - *Eubucco versicolor versicolor*  
Seen in Aguas Calientes on the way to Mandor.

Gilded Barbet – *Capito auratus*.  
One seen at Amazonia lodge from the canopy tower.

Lemon-throated Barbet - *Eubucco richardsoni*.  
One seen at Amazonia Lodge

**TOUCANS**  
RR Blue-banded Toucanet - *Aulacorhynchus coeruleicinctis*  
A pair seen around Rocotal very good views.

Emerald Toucanet – *Aulacorhynchus (atrigralis) Prasinus*.  
One seen below CORL.

Chestnut-tipped Toucanet – *Aulacorhynchus derbianus*.  
One seen below CORL. Whist road side birding

Golden-collared Toucanet – *Selenidera reinwardtii*.  
A pair seen fantastic views at Amazonian Lodge at the canopy tower.

Chestnut-eared Aracari – *Pteroglossus castanotis*.  
One seen at Villa Carmen Station

Gray-breasted Mountain-Toucan - *Andigena hypoglauca*  
At Wayqecha.

**WOODPECKERS**  
RR SSP Rufous-breasted Piculet - *Picumnus rufiventris*  
Heard at Villa Carmen Station but did not respond the playback.

RR Fine-barred Piculet - *Picumnus subtilis*  
One seen at Amazonia Lodge in the garden. Until recently an endemic but now known from neaby Brazil

Bar-bellied Woodpecker – *Veniliornis nigriceps*.  
A Pair seen below the tunnels.

Little Woodpecker – *Veniliornis passerinus*.  
One seen at Villa Carmen Station.
Red-stained Woodpecker – *Veniliornis affinis*.
Nice looks at Villa Carmen Station

**SSP Golden-olive Woodpecker (Golden-olive) - Colaptes rubiginosus chrysogaster [rubiginosus Group]**
1 seen below the Cock-of-the-rock Lodge.

Crimson-mantled Woodpecker (Black-crowned) - *Colaptes rivolii atriceps*
1 individual seen near Wayqecha

Crimson-crested Woodpecker – *Campephilus melanoleucos*.
This woodpecker was seen at villa Carmen near the Bungalows.

**SSP Andean Flicker (Southern) – Colaptes rupicola puna [Colaptes rupicola rupicola/puna]**
4 individuals seen on the way to Paucartambo town.

**FALCONS AND CARACARAS**

Mountain Caracara - *Phalcoboenus megalopterus*
2 individuals seen around Soray Pampa and also on our way to Paucartambo

American Kestrel (South American) - *Falco sparverius [cinnamominus Group]*
Very common bird seen around Soraypampa and also on the Manu road.

Peregrine Falcon - *Falco peregrinus*
1 individual seen on the way to Paucartambo.

Bat Falcon – *Falco rufigularis*
One seen near the Quita Calzon Bridge.

Collared Forest Falcon – *Micrastur semitorquatus* *
Heard at Amazonia Lodge we tried but no luck!

Buckley’s Forest Falcon – *Micrastur buckleyi*
Heard at Amazonia lodge and very difficult to find.

**NEW WORLD PARROTS**

Scaly-naped Parrot - *Amazona mercenariae* *
Heard near Wayqecha.

**SSP Mitred Parakeet - Psittacara mitratus alticola**
Very common seen around Andean Spirit Lodge and also at Soray Pampa.

**White-eyed Parakeet - Psittacara leucophthalmus**
Seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge.
Mitred Parakeet

**SSP Mitred Parakeet - Psittacara mitratus alticola**
Very common seen around Andean Spirit Lodge and also at Soray Pampa.

**White-eyed Parakeet - Psittacara leucophthalmus**
Seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge.

**Cobalt-winged Parakeet – Brotogeris cyanoptera**
A fews seen at Villa Carmen and also Amazonia Lodge

**Blue-headed Parrot - Piunus menstruus**
Fairly common seen of Amazonian lowland forest.

**Mealy Amazon – Amazona farinosa**
One seen on Amazonia Lodge trail to the canopy tower.

**Blue and Yellow Macaw – Ara ararauna**
3 individuals seen at Villa Carmen and also at Amazonia lodge.

**Military Macaw – Ara militaris**
Seen 5 individuals in flight at Amazonia Lodge. **VULNERABLE**

**Scarlet Macaw – Ara macao**
Seen at Villa Carmen Station and also at Amazonia Lodge.

**Red and Green Macaw – Ara chloropterus**
One seen at Amazonia Lodge at the canopy tower.
Chestnut-fronted Macaw – *Ara severa*
Seen at Amazonia Lodge

Dusky Headed Parakeet - *Aratinga weddellii*
A flock seen at Amazonia Lodge in a fig tree eating fruits.

**TYPICAL ANTBIRDS**

**RR Chestnut-backed Antshrike - *Thamnophilus palliatus puncticeps***
Heard in villa Carmen.

**Fasciated Antshrike – *Cymbilaimus lineatus***.
One seen at Amazonia lodge below the canopy tower in mixed flock.

**RR Bamboo Antshrike – *Cymbilaimus sanctaemariae***.
2 individuals seen at Villa Carmen in Bamboo forest and also at Amazonia lodge.

**Great Antshrike – *Taraba major***
Heard at Amazonia lodge

**Variable Antshrike - *Thamnophilus caerulescens***
1 seen around Rocotal

**Plain-winged antshrike – *Thamnophilus schistaceus***
A pair seen at Amazonia Lodge at the canopy tower.

**White-shouldered Antshrike – *Thamnophilus aethiops***
Heard at Amazonia Lodge on the canopy tower trail.

**Bluish-slate Antshrike – *Thamnomanes schistogynus***
Seen in a mixed flock at Amazonia lodge. The understory flock leader here.

**White-eyed Antwren – *Epinecrophylla leucophthalma***
A pair seen at Amazonia Lodge on the hill trail.

**Ornate Antwren – *Epinecrophylla ornata meridionalis***
seen below de CORL and also in Amazonia Lodge

**Plain Antvireo – *Dysithamnus mentalis***
A pair seen at Amazonia lodge near the Canopy Tower.

**Pygmy Antwren – *Myrmotherula Brachyura***
2 individuals seen at Amazonia Lodge in the trail

**Stripe-chested Antwren – *Myrmotherula longicauda***
Seen two consecutive days below CORL. Also, seen at Villa Carmen Station.
White-flanked Antwren – *Myrmotherula axillaris*
One male seen at Amazonia Lodge in near the Canopy Tower.

Slaty Antwren – *Myrmotherula schisticolor*
One male seen above CORL in a mixed flock

Gray Antwren – *Myrmotherula menetriesii*
Seen at Amazonia Lodge in mixed flock.

Yellow-breasted Antwren – *Herpsilochmus axillaris*
Two individuals seen around Cock of the Rock Lodge whilst roadside birding. **VULNERABLE**

Dot-winged Antwren – *Microrhopias quixensis*.
3 individuals seen at Villa Carmen in Bamboo forest

**RR** Yellow-rumped Antwren – *Euchreomis sharpie*
Two consecutive days seen around cock of the rock lodge **ENDANGERED**

Gray Antbird – *Cercomacra cinerascens*
Heard at Amazonia Lodge in Canopy Tower.

Manu Antbird – *Cercomacra manu*
4 individuals seen at Villa Carmen Station in Bamboo Forest. Named for the Manu River

![Manu Antbird](image)

Black Antbird – *Cercomacroides serva*
One male seen below Cock of the Rock Lodge

White-backed Fire-eye – *Pyriglena leuconota marcapatensis* *
Heard below CORL.

White-browed Antbird – *Myrmoborus leucaphrys*
A Pair seen at Villa Carmen Station in Bamboo Forest.

**Black-faced Antbird** – *Myrmoborus myotherinus*
One seen at Amazonia Lodge.

**White-lined Antbird** – *Myrmoborus lophotes*
Very common at Villa Carmen Station in Bamboo.

**RR Brownish Headed Antbird (RR)** – *Myrmelastes brunneiceps*
One seen near the Sapan Sachayuc trail in a little stream in roadside nice view.

**Chestnut-tailed Antbird** – *Sciaphylax hemimelaena*
A pair seen at Villa Carmen Stations on trail N° 4

**Goeldi’s Antbird** – *Akletos goeldii*
Tow individuals seen at Villa Carmen Station great views and we heard many more.

**Sooty Antbird** – *Hafferia fortis*
Heard at Amazonia lodge near the tower.

**Hairy-crested Antbird** – *Rhegmatorhina melanosticta*
One individual seen at Amazonia lodge fantastic view. Near the tower.

**Black Spotted Bare-Eye** – *Phlegopsis nigromaculata.*
2 individuals seen at Amazonia Lodge.

**RR SSP Yellow-breasted Warbling-Antbird - Hypocnemis subflava subflava**
One seen at Villa Carmen Station in bamboo forest.
GNATEATERS
RR SSP Slaty Gnateater - *Conopophaga ardesiaca saturate*
One seen at CORL. Near the Garden and fantastic Views.

ANTPITTAS
E Red-and-white Antpitta - *Grallaria erythroleuca*
One seen at Wayqech. Nice looks

Red and White Antpitta – Ian Merrill

RR SSP Rufous Antpitta (South Peruvian) - *Grallaria rufula occabambae* *
One seen at Tres Cruces and we heard many more. The Rufous Antpitta complex will be split into at least 7-8 species make sure you remember where you recorded each one

Amazonian Antpitta – *Hylopezus berlepschi* *
Heard at Amazonia Lodge.

Thrush Like Antpitta – *Myrmothera campanisona* *
Heard at Amazonia Lodge.

TAPACULOS
RR Trilling Tapaculo - *Scytalopus parvirostris*
One seen below the tunnels very good view. Skutalon = stick. Pous = foot. Stickfoot!!! Just look at their feet.
White-crowned Tapaculo - *Scytalopus atratus atratus*
1 individual seen near the CORL.

E Vilcabamba Tapaculo - *Scytalopus urubambae*
1 individual seen at Soraypampa. Named for the Urubamba River that runs past Machu-Picchu

**RR Puna Tapaculo – Scytalopus simonsi**
One seen at Acjanaco pass.

**RR Diademed Tapaculo – Scytalopus schulenbergi**
2 individuals seen one near the Wayqecha and the other seen at Tres Cruces. Named for Thomas Schulemberg of Cornell University author of A Field guide to the Birds of Peru.

ANTTHRUSHES
Black faced Anthrush – *Formicarius analis*
One seen at Amazonia Lodge and many more heard.

Barred Anthrush – *Chamaeza mollissima yungae*
Heard around Pillahuata.

OVENBIRDS
Tawny Throated (Peruvian) Leaftosser – *Sclerurus mexicanus peruvianus*
Two Individuals seen at Amazonia Lodge near the tower.

Common Miner – *Geositta cunicularia*
One seen our way from Pisac to Paucartambo.
Slender-billed Miner – *Geositta tenuirostris*
A Pair seen above Quelloquello

**SSP Montane Woodcreeper** – *Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger carabayae*
Seen at Rocotal and CORL.

Plain-brown Woodcreeper – *Dendrocincia fuliginosa*
One seen at Villa Carmen Station

Olivaceous Woodcreeper – *Sittasomus griseicapillus amazonus*.
1 one seen at Amazonia lodge.

Wedge-billed Woodcreeper – *Glyphorynchus spirurus*
1 seen at Villa carme and also in Amazonia lodge.

Cinnamon-throated Woodcreeper – *Dentrexetastes rufigula*
One individual seen at Amazonia lodge in a fig tree.

Strong-billed Woodcreeper – *Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus*
A pair seen at Amazonia lodge at the canopy tower great views.

Olive-backed Woodcreeper – *Xiphorhynchus triaguluris*
Fairly common around Rocotal and CORL.

Buff-throated Woodcreeper – *Xiphorhynchus guttatus*
2 individuals seen at Amazonia Lodge in a mixed flock near the tower

Red-billed Scythebill – *Campylorhamphus trochilirostris*
One seen at Villa Carmen and also Amazonia lodge

Streaked Tuftedcheek – *Pseudocolaptes Boissonneautii*
One seen at Pillahuata in a mixed flock.

Pale-legged Hornero – *Furnarius leocupus*
One seen at Villa Carmen in the garden.

Plain Xenops – *Xenops minutus*.
A pair seen at Amazonia Lodge in the canopy trail.

Wren-like Rushbird – *Phleocryptes melanops*
1 seen at Huacarpay lakes.

Cream-winged Cinclodes – *Cinclodes albiventris*
6 individuals seen at Soraypampa and on the way to Paucartambo town. Jaramillo (2003) suggested that the albiventris group might warrant recognition as a separate species from Bar-winged Cinclodes Cinclodes fuscus. Unfortunately, Chesser’s (2004a) sampling
did not include populations of C. fuscus from the Andes north of Argentina. Sanín et al. (2009) sampled C. fuscus from throughout its range and found that it was polyphyletic, with various populations more closely related to C. olrogi, C. oustaleti, C. comechingonus, and C. antarcticus. SACC proposal passed to elevate the albiventris and albidiventris groups to species rank. As for English names, Jaramillo (2003) proposed Creamwinged Cinclodes for C. albiventris and Buff-winged Cinclodes for C. fuscus, and Jaramillo (see proposal 415) proposed Chestnut-winged Cinclodes for C. albidiventris; these are used here tentatively until formal SACC action.

**White-winged Cinclodes – Cinclodes atacamensis**
One individual seen above Quelloquello in a small valley.

**Dusky-cheeked Foliage-gleaner – Anabazenops dorsalis**
One seen at Villa Carmen in Bamboo Forest fantastic views.

**Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner – Philydor rufus**
Several times seen at Villa Carmen very good views.

**Montane Foliage-gleaner – Anabacerthia striaticollis yungae**
Seen in the San Pedro area.

**Rufous-tailed Foliage-gleaner – Anabecerthia ruficaudatus**
One seen at Amazonia lodge at the canopy tower.

**RR Peruvian Recurvebill – Syndactyla ucyalae**
One of the very difficult birds seen at Amazonia Lodge for a long time in the Bamboo forest.
Black-billed Treehunter – *Thripadectes melanorhynchus*
One seen around Rocotal and also in CORL. In mixed flocks.

Striped Woodhaunter – *Automolus subulatus*
1 individual seen at Amazonia Lodge near the tower great view.

Buff throated Foliage Gleaner – *Automolus ochrolaemus*.
One seen at Amazonia lodge.

Chestnut-crowned Foliage Gleaner – *Automolus rufipileatus*
2 individuals seen at Amazonia Lodge near the bamboo forest very good views.

Spotted Barbtail – *Premnoplex brunnescens stictonotus* *
Heard on the Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m).

SSP Pearled Treerunner – *Margarornis squamiger peruvianus*
1 Seen near Rocotal in a mixed flock.

SSP Streak-fronted Thornbird – *Phacellodomus striaticeps griseipectus*
A pair seen at Huacarpay lakes.

RR Puna Thistletail - *Asthenes helleri*
2 individuals seen at Ajanacco pass great views and also at Tres Cruces. Named for Edmund Heller Assistant Curator of Mammals at the Field Museum of Natural History 1926-1928. He was on he multidiciplinary Yale University expedition when Hiram Bingham “found” Machu Picchu VULNERABLE

E Rusty-fronted Canastero - *Asthenes ottonis*
1 individual seen at Soray Pampa great view.

Streak Throated Canastero – *Asthenes humilis*
One seen above Quelloquello great views

Streaked-backed Canastero – *Astheneswyatti*
A pair seen abovequelloquello Fantastic views sitting on rocks.

RR Line Fronted Canastero – *Asthenes urubambensis*
Two consecutive time seen at 3 Cruces very good views.

RR Scribble-tailed canastero – *Asthenes maculicauda*
One individual seen at 3 Cruces great views in grassland for a long time.

Plain Softtail – *Thripophaga fusciceps*.
3 individuals seen at Villa Carmen fantastic views.
**E Marcapata Spinetail – Cranioleuca marcapatae marcapatae.**  
2 individuals seen at Wayqecha reserve station great views. **VULNERABLE**

**Ash-browed Spinetail – Cranioleuca curtata**  
3 consecutive days seen around CORL. Lodge and great views. **VULNERABLE**

**Speckled Spinetail – Cranioleuca gutturata.**  
One individual seen at Amazonia Lodge on the tower trail in a mixed flock.

**Cabani’s Spinetail – Synallaxis cabanisi**  
Heard below the CORL. Jean Luis Cananis was a German ornithologist (1816 – 1906)

**Plain-crowned Spinetail – Synallaxis gujanensis**  
One seen at Bamboo Lodge in the garden.

**RR Chestnut-throated Spinetail – Synallaxis cherriei**  
1 individual seen at Villa Carmen Station in Bamboo forest.

**E SSP Creamy-crested Spinetail - Cranioleuca albicapilla albigula**  
6 individuals seen and heard at Soraypampa and Peru Ecocamp.

**SSP Azara’s Spinetail - Synallaxis azarae urubambae**  
Seen in Machu Picchu at Belmond Sanctuary Lodge.

**E Apurimac Spinetail - Synallaxis courseni**  
A pair seen on the way up to Soraypampa. Named for Charles Blair Coursen US businessman, sponsor and field ornithologist. **VULNERABLE**
The Endemic Marcapata Spinetail

The Endemic Rusty-fronted Canastero – Alex Durand
TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

**SSP White-throated Tyrannulet** – *Mecocerculus leucophrys brunneomarginatus*
2 seen at Malaga pass (east side).

**White-banded Tyrannulet** – *Mecocerculus stictopterus*
Fairly commonly seen at Pillahuata.

**Yellow Tyrannulet** – *Capsiempis flaveola*
One seen at Villa Carmen Station.

**Hazel-fronted Pygmy Tyrant** – *Pseudotriccus simplex.*
3 individuals seen at Rocotal fantastic views 1 male and two juvenals. A very hard bird to see

**Slender-ooted Tyrannulet** – *Zimmerius gracilipes.*
1 seen at Amazonia Lodge at the tower.

**RR Bolivian Tyrannulet** – *Zimmerius bolivianus*
3 consecutive days seen around CORL.

**Cinnamon-faced Tyrannulet** – *Phylloscartes parkeri*
A fantastic view seen 1 below Cock of the Rock Lodge. One of several birds and a genus named for Theodore A Parker III (1953-1993) US fielded ornithologist with unparalleled knowledge of Neotropical Birds, tragically killed in an aircrash.
Marble-faced Bristle-tyrant – *Phylloscartes ophthalmicus*
Two individuals seen at Sapan Sachayuc. Great views.

Variegated Bristle-Tyrant – *Phylloscartes poecilotis*
One seen around rocotal and another near the CORL.

Tufted Tit-Tyrant - *Anairetes parulus*
2 individuals seen at Soraypampa.

**SSP** White-crested Elaenia (White-crested) – *Elaenia albiceps urubambae* [*albiceps Group]*
Seen at Huacarpay Lakes and the Huambutio valley.

Mottle-backed Elaenia – *Elaenia gigas*
One seen on our way from CORL to Villa Carmen.

Forest Elaenia – *Myiopagis gaimardii*
Seen on two consecutive days at Villa Carmen Station and also at Amazonia Lodge.

Highland Elaenia – *Elaenia obscura*
One seen around Wayqecha with good views.

SSP Sierran Elaenia (Andean) – *Elaenia pallatangae intensa* [*pallatangae Group]*
Seen at Mollepata and Wayqecha.

Streak-necked Flycatcher – *Mionectes striaticollis*
Fairly Common on the Manu road.

Olive-striped Flycatcher (Olive-striped) – *Mionectes olivaceus fasciaticollis* [*galbinus Group]*
1 seen at Villa Carmen Station.

Slaty-capped Flycatcher (albidiventris) – *Leptopogon superciliaris albidiventer*
Very common on the Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m).

**E Inca Flycatcher** – *Leptopogon taczanowskii*
4 individuals seen in Rocotal area. Taczanowski was a Polish zoologist. A member of an old noble (szlachta) magnate family from the Poznań region, Taczanowski is considered one of the most important European zoologists of the nineteenth century. Trained in Paris, he worked at museums in Vienna, Berlin, Paris and London and was curator of the zoological department of the Warsaw University Museum from 1862 (when he succeeded Feliks Paweł Jarocki) until his death. Taczanowski took part in an expedition to Algeria with Antoni S. Waga (1866–67) and wrote several significant studies including *Birds of Poland* (1882) and *Ornithology of Peru* (1884-86).

Many-colored Rush Tyrant - *Tachuris rubrigastra*
1 individual seen at Huacarpay lakes. Good views of this stunning bird.

**SSP Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant - *Lophotriccus pileatus hypochlorus***

Seen below San Pedro during our roadside birding.

**E Black- backed Tody-Flycatcher**

2 individuals seen at Villa Carmen very good views of this localized Peruviam endemic

![The Endemic Black-backed Tody-Flycatcher – Alex Durand](image)

**RR White-cheeked Tody-Flycatcher – *Poecilotriccus albifacies***

RR 2 individuals seen on our way from Villa Carmen to Atalaya. Almost an endemic just sneaks into Bolivia
White-cheeked Tody-Flycatcher – Alex Durand

**RR** Flammulated Pygmy-tyrant – *Hermitriccus flammulatus*
1 seen at Villa Carmen Station in Bamboo Forest.

**Johanne’s Tody-tyrant** – *Hemithriccus iohannis*
One seen at Villa Carmen.

**Ringed Antpipit** – *Corythopis torquata*
1 individual seen at Amazonia Lodge.

**Ochre-bellied Flycatcher** – *Mionectes oleaginosus*
One seen at Villa Carmen Station and also at Amazonia Lodge.

**Sepia-capped Flycatcher** – *Leptopogon amaurocephalus*
1 seen at Amazonia Lodge.

**Amazonian Scrub Flycatcher** – *Sublegatus modestus*
One seen at Amazonia Lodge in tree canopy.

**Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher** - *Poecilotriccus plumbeiceps*
1 seen at Rocotal very good Views.

**SSP** Yellow-olive Flycatcher - *Tolmomyias sulphurescens peruvianus* *
Heard at Machupicchu Archeological Site

**Cinnamon Flycatcher** - *Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus*
Seen commonly on the Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m).

**RR** Unadorned Flycatcher - *Myiophobus inornatus*
1 seen in the Rocotal area.

**Handsome Flycatcher** – *Nephelomyias pulcher*
We had great views at the police station at Rocotal.

**Olive-sided Flycatcher** – *Contopus cooperi*
One seen near the sapan sachayos trail.

**Smoke-colored Pewee** - *Contopus fumigatus*
One seen around Rocotal.

**Western Wood Pewee** – *Contopus sordidulus*
Fairly commonly seen around San Pedro.

**Streaked-throated Bush Tyrant** – *Myiotheretes striaticollis*
One seen at Mollepata on flight.
RR Rufous-webbed Bush Tyrant – *Polioxolmis rufipennis*
A pair seen on our way from Pisac to Paucartambo.

Black Phoebe (White-winged) – *Sayornis nigricans angustirostris*
[Sayornis nigricans latirostris/angustirostris]
Common. Seen in Manu Road Paucartambo town. This is the southern subspecies latirostris. The change from the darker-winged nominate nigricans to the white-winged latirostris is a north-south cline, with larger amounts of white gradually appearing further south.

White-winged Black-Tyrant (White-winged) – *Knipolegus aterrimus anthracinus*
[Knipolegus aterrimus aterrimus/anthracinus]
3 individuals seen at Andean Spirit Lodge.

Rufous-breasted Chat-Tyrant - *Ochthoeca rufipectoralis*
2 individuals seen around Wayqecha.

Crowned Chat-Tyrant – *Ochthoeca frontalis*
One seen above Wayqecha on our way back to Cusco.

Rufous-tailed Tyrant – *Knipolegus poecillurus*
One individual seen below Cock of the Rock Lodge.

Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant (Brown-backed) - *Ochthoeca fumicolor berlepschi*
[fumicolor Group]
2 individuals seen around Ajanacco and also at Tres Cruces.

SSP White-browed Chat-Tyrant - *Ochthoeca leucophrys urubambae*
2 individuals seen at Soraypampa and Llaullipata.

D’Orbigny’s chat – Tyrant – *Ochthoeca oenanthoides*.
A Pair seen above Quelloquello.

Slaty Backed (Maroon belted) Chat Tyrant--*Ochthoeca (thoracica) cinnamomeiventris*
4 individuals seen below two Tunnels very well.

Long Tailed Tyrant – *Colonia colonus*.
Fairly common seen around Chonta chaca and also in Villa Carmen Station.

Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant – *Agriornis montanus*.
2 individuals seen at Soray Pampa.
Black-billed Shrike-Tyrant – Fabrice Schmitt

Lemon-browed Flycatcher - Conopias cinchoneti
Seen below the San Pedro area. **VULNERABLE**

Golden-crowned Flycatcher - Myiodynastes chrysocephalus
Seen around the Cock of the Rock Lodge common.

Social Flycatcher – Myiozetetes similis
Very Common seen at Villa Carmen and Amazonia Lodge.

Boad Billed Flycatcher – Megarhynchus pitangua
One seen at Villa Carmen station

Piratic Flycatcher - Legatus leucophaius*
Heard in Aguas Calientes on the way to Mandor.

Tropical Kingbird - Tyrannus melancholicus
Seen at Llaullipata.

**COTINGAS**
RR Band-tailed Fruiteater (signata) - Pipreola intermedia signata
2 individuals seen near the Wayqecha one male and one female.

Barred Fruiteater - Pipreola arcuata
1 female seen near the Wayqecha in a fruiting tree.

Red-crested Cotinga - Ampelion rubrocristatus
3 individuals seen on way from Mollepata to Soray Pampa.
Red-crested Cotinga

**Andean Cock-of-the-Rock - *Rupicola peruviana***
7 individuals seen at lek in the Manu Cloud Forest lodge and also many whilst roadside Birded

**Amazonian Umbrellabird - *Cephalopterus ornatus***
1 male Seen below the Cock of the Rock Lodge.

**MANAKINS**

**RR Yungas Manakin - *Chiroxiphia boliviana***
1 male seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge.

**Round-tailed Manakin – *Pipra chloromeros***
A pair seen at Amazonia Lodge near the Tower.

**Fiery-capped Manakin – *Machaeropterus pyrocephalus***.
One male seen at Villa Carmen Station in the Bamboo Forest

**Band-tailed Manakin – *Ceratopipra fasciicauda***.
Fantastic views at Villa Carmen Station in Bamboo Forest
Round-tailed Manakin – Gary Rosenberg

Band-tailed Manakin – Fabrice Schmitt
**TITYRAS AND ALLIES**

*Masked Tityra - Tityra semifasciata*
2 Seen below the San Pedro area.

*Barred Becard - Pachyramphus versicolor*
A Pair seen around Rocotal male and female.

*Crested Becard – Pachyramphus viridis*
One male seen at Andean Spirit Lodge in Limatambo.

**VIREOS**

*Brown-capped Vireo - Vireo leucophrys*
Seen very common in Manu road.

*Red-eyed Vireo (resident Chivi) - Vireo olivaceus [agilis Group]*
Very common at Andean Sperit Lodge and Mollepata.

**JAYS**

**RR SSP** *White-collared Jay - Cyanolyca viridicyanus cyanolaema*
3 individuals seen at Pillahuata.

*Green Jay (Inca) - Cyanocorax yncas yncas [yncas Group]* *
A pair seen around Rocotal

*Purplish Jay – Cyanocorax cyanomelas*
Very common at Villa Carmen Station

*Violaceous Jay – Cyanocorax violaceus*
2 individuals seen at Villa Carmen

**SWALLOWS**

*Blue-and-white Swallow - Pygochelidon cyanoleuca*
Common, seen at Manu Road and San Pedro area.

*Brown-bellied Swallow - Orochelidon murina*
Several seen at Soraypampa and Ajanacco Manu.

*Southern Rough-winged Swallow - Stelgidopteryx ruficollis*
Seen near Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge and Villa Carmen station

*White-banded Swallow – Atticora fasciata.*
Seen at Villa Carmen Station

**WRENS**

**SSP** *House Wren (Southern) - Troglodytes aedon carabayae [musculus Group]*
Common seen at Huacarpay lakes, Limatambo, Llaullipata, near Paucartambo town and Wayqecha. Many authors (e.g., Hellmayr 1934, Pinto 1944, Phelps & Phelps 1950a) formerly treated Neotropical mainland populations as a separate species T. musculus; see also Brumfield and Capparella (1996); this treatment was followed by Brewer (2001) and Kroodsma & Brewer (2005). The Falklands population, T. a. cobbi, is treated as a species (Wood 1993), as was done by Brewer (2001), Mazar Barnett & Pearman (2001), Jaramillo (2003), and Kroodsma & Brewer (2005).

**SSP Mountain Wren - Troglodytes solstitialis macrourus**
2 individuals seen at Pillahuata.

**RR Puna Wren - Cistothorus minimus**
Seen at Acjanaco on th4 road to tres cruces. Robbins & Nyri (2014) proposed recognition of nine species within broadly defined *platensis*, seven of which are in South America: *C. alticola, C. aequatorialis, C. graminicola, C. minimus, C. tucumanus, C. hornensis*, and *C. platensis*. They proosed the name Puna Wren for the form we saw.

**RR Moustached Wren - Pheugopedius genibarbis bolivianus**
Heard at CORL. and also, one seen at Villa Carmen Station.

**RR Fulvous Wren - Cinnycerthia fulva**
2 individuals seen below the Tunnels on the Manu road.

Gray-breasted Wood-Wren (Andean)-*Henicorhina leucophrys leucophrys* [*Henicorhina leucophrys leucophrys/boliviana]*
One seen around Rocotal on the Manu Road and at the Mirador (1700-1800m).

**Chestnut-breasted Wren – Cyphorhinus thoracicus**
1 seen Below CORL. Nice looks.

**RR Musician (Ferruginous) Wren – Cypnorhinus (modulator ) aradus***
Heard at Amazonia Lodge in near the Canopy tower

**THRUSHES AND SOLITAIRES**

**Andean Solitaire (ralloides) - Myadestes ralloides ralloides**
2 individuals seen at Rocotal and the Mirador (1700-1800m)

**White-eared Solitaire - Entomodestes leucotis**
Two individuals seen at Rocotal with fantastic views of them eating fruits.

**Pale eyed Thrush - Turdus leucops.**
Two individuals seen around Rocotal male and female.

**SSP Great Thrush - Turdus fuscater ockendeni**
Several individuals seen at Soraypampa, Llaullipata and Wayqecha.

**Chiguano Thrush (chiguano) – Turdus chiguano conradi**
[Turdus chiguanco chiguanco/conradi]
Common. Seen at Huacarpay lakes, Llaullipata and Paucartambo town.

Glossy-black Thrush - Turdus serranus serranus
One seen above Wayqecha on the roadside.

PIPITS
Paramo Pipit - Anthus bogotensis immaculatus
1 individual seen at Tres Cruces.

TANAGERS AND ALLIES
Magpie Tanager - Cissopis leverianus
2 individuals seen at Villa Carmen Station.

RR Slaty Tanager - Creurgops dentatus
3 individuals seen around Rocotal in mixed flocks.

E SSP White-browed Hemispingus - Kleinothraupis auricularis
6 individuals seen around Pillahuata great views in a mixed flock.

SSP Black-eared Hemispingus (Black-eared) - Sphenopsis melanotis berlepschi [melanotis Group]
Seen on the Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m).

Oleaginous Hemispingus – Hemispingus frontalis
1 individual seen around Rocotal.

RR Rust-and-yellow Tanager - Thlypopsis ruficeps
2 individuals seen at ajanacco pass in a mixed flock during roadside birding.

Superciliaried Hemispingus - Thlypopsis superciliaris urubambae
Seen commonly near Wayqecha and Pillahuata.

Silver-beaked Tanager - Ramphocelus carbo
Seen commonly around Cock of the Rock Lodge, Villa Carmen and Amazonia Lodge.

SSP Hooded Mountain-Tanager - Buthraupis montana saturata
Seen near Wayqecha commonly.

SSP Grass-green Tanager - Chlorornis riefferii elegans
Seen around Pillahuata in mixed flocks.

Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager (Fire-bellied) - Anisognathus igniventris igniventris
4 individuals seen at Wayqecha.

Yellow-throated Tanager - Iridosornis analis
Two individuals Seen in the Rocotal area.
**RR Golden-collared Tanager - *Iridosornis jelskii***
3 individuals seen above Wayqecha.

**Golden-collared Tanager**

**Blue-and-yellow Tanager (Green-mantled) - *Pipraeidea bonariensis darwinii***
Faily common at Huacarpay lakes and also on the Manu Road.

**Orange-eared Tanager (Blue-throated) - *Chlorochrysa calliparaea fulgentissima***
Recorded several times around Cock of the Rock Lodge.

**Blue-gray Tanager - *Thraupis episcopus***
Very common at Villa Carmen Station and also in Amazonia Lodge.

**Palm Tanager - *Thraupis palmarum***
One seen at CORL. and at Villa Carmen very common.

**Blue-capped Tanager - *Thraupis cyanocephala***
2 individuals seen at Wayqecha Station.

**SSP Spotted Tanager - *Ixothraupis punctata annectens***
Several seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge in fruiting trees.

**SSP Golden-naped Tanager (Rusty-naped) - *Tangara ruficervix inca [fulvicervix Group]***
Seen in Aguas Calientes on the way to Mandor and on the Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m).
**RR Chestnut Bellied Mountain Tanager** – *Dubusia castaneoventris*.  
2 individuals seen Upper the Wayqecha on our roadside birded.

**SSP Yellow-crested Tanager** – *Tachyphonus rufiventer*  
Seen around Quita Calzon Brige in a mixed flock.

**Blue-necked Tanager** - *Tangara cyanicollis*  
Seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge very common and also at Amazonia Lodge.

**Blue-and-black Tanager (Spot-bellied)** - *Tangara vassorii atrocoerulea*  
Seen around Rocotal several individuals in mixed flocks.

**Beryl-spangled Tanager** - *Tangara nigroviridis*  
Seen in the Rocotal area and at Mirador San Pedro.

**Paradise Tanager** - *Tangara chilensis*  
Seen at CORL. and also, at Quita Calzones Bridge.

**Saffron-crowned Tanager** - *Tangara xanthocephala*  
4 individuals seen in Police Station and also at the Mirador San Pedro (1700-1800m).

**Golden Tanager** - *Tangara arthus*  
Seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge.

**Fawn-breasted Tanager** – *Pipraeidea melanonota*  
One seen at Pillahuata.

**Bay-headed Tanager** – *Tangara gyrola*  
One seen at CORL. and another Quita Calzon Bridge in a mixed flock.

**Black-goggled Tanager** – *Trichotheaupi melanops*  
1 seen at Cock of the Rock Lodge.

**Black-faced Dacnis** - *Dacnis lineata*  
Seen below CORL. in mixed flocks.

**Purple Honeycreeper** – *Cyaneerus caeruleus*  
Seen at Cock of the rock Lodge in mixed flocks fairly common.

**RR White-browed Conebill** - *Conirostrum ferrugineiventre*  
2 individuals seen at Ajanaco Pass in a mixed flock.

**Capped Conebill** - *Conirostrum albifrons*  
Seen in Pillahuata area.
White-browed Conebill

Cinereous Conebill (Cinereous) – Conirostrum cinereum cinereum [Conirostrum cinereum cinereum/littorale]
Common. Seen at Huacarpay Lakes, Llaullipata and on the way from Paucartambo to Acjanaco.

RR SSP Moustached Flowerpiercer (albinea) - Diglossa mystacalis albilinea
2 individuals seen at Ajanacco pass and also at Wayqecha.

Black-throated Flowerpiercer - Diglossa brunneiventris
2 individuals seen at Soray Pampa and Huacarpay Lakes.

Rusty Flowerpiercer - Diglossa sittoides
1 individual seen at Huacarpay Lakes.

Masked Flowerpiercer - Diglossa cyanea
2 individuals seen at Wayqecha Station and also at Pillahuata.

Bluish Flowerpiercer – Diglossopis caerulecens.
2 individuals seen around the Mirador.

Golden-eyed Flower Piercer – Diglossopis glauca
Very common seen at Rocotal and below Cock of the Rock Lodge.

RR Peruvian Sierra-Finch - Phrygilus punensis
4 individuals seen at Soraypampa and also at Huacarpay Lakes.

Mourning Sierra-Finch (Mourning) – Phrygilus fruticeti peruvianus
One male seen on our way from Pisac to Paucartambo.

Plumbeous Sierra-Finch - *Geospizopsis unicolor*
seen at Soraypampa and above Quelloquello at the pass.

Ash-breasted Sierra-Finch - *Geospizopsis plebejus*
Very common at Soraypampa and in the way to Paucartambo.

Greenish Yellow finch – *Sicalis olivascens*
One seen on our way from Pisac to Paucartambo.

Bright-rumped Yellow Finch – *Sicalis flaveola*
2 individuals seen on our way from Pisac to Paucartambo at the pass.

E Chestnut-breasted Mountain-Finch - *Poospiza caesar*
Seen 2 individuals at Soraypampa fantastic views.

SSP Yellow-bellied Seedeater - *Sporophila nigrigollis inconspicua*
Seen 2 individuals at Andean Spirit Lodge.

SSP Band-tailed Seedeater - *Catamenia analis griseiventris*
Common at Huacarpay lakes and also in Soraypampa.

Plain-colored Seedeater - *Catamenia inornata*
1 seen in Soraypampa and another at Tres Cruces on the Manu Road.

Black and White Seedeater – *Sporophila luctuosa.*
One Male seen near the Ajanacco Pass.

Bananaquit - *Coereba flaveola*
Common. Seen at Amazonia Lodge.

Dull-colored Grassquit - *Tiaris obscurus*
Seen at CORL. and also, at Villa Carmen Station.

Buff-throated Saltator - *Saltator maximus*
Seen at Villa Carmen Station.

Golden-billed Saltator - *Saltator aurantiirostris*
2 individuals seen on the way up to Soraypampa and on the way to Paucartambo. Burns et al.,Âós (2014) comprehensive phylogeny of the tanagers and relatives was based on two mitochondrial and four nuclear loci, and taxon-sampling was nearly complete.

Yellow-throatedChlorospingus(Yellow-throated)-*Chlorospingus flavigularis flavigularis*

[Chlorospingus flavigularis flavigularis/marginatus]
2 individuals seen at CORL. and also, Sapan Sachyos Trail.
Short-billed Chlorospingus - *Chlorospingus parvirostris*
Seen near the Quita Calzon Bridge.

**SSP Common Chlorospingus (Southern Peru) - Chlorospingus flavopectus peruvianus**
Seen on the Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m).

**NEW WORLD SPARROWS AND ALLIES**

Yellow-browed Sparrow - *Ammodramus aurifrons*
Seen below the Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge on the road.

**Rufous-collared Sparrow - Zonotrichia capensis**
Common. Seen at Huacarpay, Soraypampa, near Wayqecha and Acjanaco Pass.

**E Apurimac Brushfinch - Atlapetes forbesi**
2 individuals seen on the way to Soraypampa. **ENDANGERED**

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**Apurimac Brushfinch – Alex Durand**

**RR Black-faced Brushfinch - Atlapetes melanolaemus**
Common in Humid Montane Forest habitat on the Manu Road.

**CARDINALS AND ALLIES**

**Carmiol’s Tanager – Chlorothraupis carmioli**
2 birds seen at Amazonia Lodge in a mixed flock near the tower.

**SSP Black-backed Grosbeak (Yellow-rumped) – Pheucticus aureoventris terminalis**
*[Pheucticus aureoventris uropygialis/terminalis]*
3 individuals seen at Andean Spirit Lodge Limatambo and also at Mollepata.
NEW WORLD WARBLERS
Tropical Parula - *Setophaga pitiayumi*
Seen at CORL. in mixed flocks.

Blackburnian Warbler - *Setophaga fusca*
Seen at Pillahuata and also around Rocotal.

Yungas Warbler (Yungas) - *Basileuterus (tristriatus) punctipectus*
Seen in the Rocotal area. Considered a distinct species from Three-striped warbler in Non-monophyly and deep genetic differentiation across low-elevation barriers in a Neotropical montane bird (Basileuterus tristriatus; Aves: Parulidae) Natalia Gutiérrez-Pinto Andrés M. Cuervo. JhonathanMiranda Jorge L. Pérez-Emán Robb T. Brumfield Carlos DanielCadena. If so it is restricted to SE Peru and Northern Bolivia. Seen in the Rocotal area.

SSP Citrine Warbler (Peruvian) - *Myiothlypis luteoviridis striaticeps*
Seen at Pacchayuc in mixed flock.

RR Pale-legged Warbler - *Myiothlypis signata*
Seen 3 individuals near Wayqecha.

Two-banded Warbler (Two-banded) - *Myiothlypis bivittata bivittata* [*Myiothlypis bivittata bivittata/argentinae*]
Seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge and Puente Quita Calzones very common.

E Cuzco Warbler (Golden-bellied) - *Myiothlypis chrysogaster chrysogaster*
Seen near the Sapan Sachayoc trail. Until recently considered conspecific with *M. chlorophrys* – Golden-bellied Warbler which is a Choco endemic that does not occur in Peru

Russet-crowned Warbler - *Myiothlypis coronata*
Seen around Rocotal area.

Slate-throated Redstart - *Myioborus miniatus*
Commonly seen on the Manu Road near the Mirador (1700-1800m).

Spectacled Redstart - *Myioborus melanocephalus*
Fairly Common seen on the Manu Road at the Mirador (1700-1800m).

BLACKBIRDS, ORIOLES, OROPENDOLAS AND ALLIES
Crested Oropendola – *Psarocolius decumanus maculosus*
Seen at Villa Carmen Station.

Russet-backed Oropendola (Russet-backed) - *Psarocolius angustifrons alfredi* [*angustifrons Group*]
Common at Cock of the Rock lodge and in the Amazon Lowland forest.
RR Dusky-green Oropendola – *Psarocolius atrovirens*
Seen at CORL. in also Manú Cloud Forest Lodge (1500-1700m), and Rocotal area.

**Yellow Rumped Cacique – *Cacicus Cela.***
Seen at Amazonia Lodge common

**(Southern) Mountain Cacique – *Cacicus chrysonotus***
3 individuals seen below de Wayqecha lodge.

**Yellow-winged Blackbird – *Agelasticus thilius***
8 individuals seen at Huacarpay Lakes.

**Orange Backed Troupial – *Icterus croconotus***
A pair seen at Villa Carmen Station.

**FINCHES, EUPHONIAS, AND ALLIES**

**Blue-naped Chlorophonia – *Chlorophonia cyanea***
Seen bellow the CORL area.

**SSP Bronze Green Euphonia – Euphonia Mesochrysa.**
Seen at Cock of the Rock Lodge.

**SSP Orange-bellied Euphonia – *Euphonia xanthogaster brunneifrons***
Seen in the San Pedro area.

**Hooded Siskin – *Spinus magellanicus***
Common seen at Huacarpay lakes and Soray pampa.

**MAMMAL LIST**

**MONKEYS**

**Large-headed Capuchin – *Sapajus macrocephalus***
Seen at Cock-of-the-Rock Lodge.

**Shock -headed Capuchin - *Cebus cuscinus***
Seen below CORL.

**CAMELIDS**

**Llama - *Lama glama***
Seen in Soraypampa very agresive!

**Alpaca - *Vicugna pacos***
Seen seen at Quelloquello.
The Manu Road

Large-headed Capuchin